The University of the State of New York

#### **REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION**

# LIVING ENVIRONMENT

**Tuesday,** January 27, 2009 — 9:15 a.m. to 12:15 p.m., only

Student Name \_\_\_\_\_

School Name \_\_\_\_\_

Print your name and the name of your school on the lines above. Then turn to the last page of this booklet, which is the answer sheet for Part A and Part B–1. Fold the last page along the perforations and, slowly and carefully, tear off the answer sheet. Then fill in the heading of your answer sheet.

You are to answer <u>all</u> questions in all parts of this examination. Write your answers to the Part A and Part B–1 multiple-choice questions on the separate answer sheet. Write your answers for the questions in Parts B–2, C, and D directly in this examination booklet. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings which should be done in pencil. You may use scrap paper to work out the answers to the questions, but be sure to record all your answers on the answer sheet and in this examination booklet.

When you have completed the examination, you must sign the statement printed on your separate answer sheet, indicating that you had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that you have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination. Your answer sheet cannot be accepted if you fail to sign this declaration.

Notice...

A four-function or scientific calculator must be made available for you to use while taking this examination.

The use of any communications device is strictly prohibited when taking this examination. If you use any communications device, no matter how briefly, your examination will be invalidated and no score will be calculated for you.

DO NOT OPEN THIS EXAMINATION BOOKLET UNTIL THE SIGNAL IS GIVEN.

#### Part A

#### Answer all questions in this part. [30]

*Directions* (1-30): For *each* statement or question, write on your separate answer sheet the *number* of the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1 Scientists in the United States, Europe, and Africa have now suggested that the hippopotamus is a relative of the whale. Earlier studies placed the hippo as a close relative of wild pigs, but recent studies have discovered stronger evidence for the connection to whales. This information suggests that
  - (1) genetic engineering was involved in the earlier theories
  - (2) structural evidence is the best evolutionary factor to consider
  - (3) natural selection does not occur in hippopotamuses
  - (4) scientific explanations are tentative and subject to change
- 2 A stable ecosystem would *not* contain
  - (1) materials being cycled
  - (2) consumers without producers
  - (3) decomposers
  - (4) a constant source of energy
- 3 A human liver cell and a human skin cell in the same person have the same genetic sequences. However, these cells are different because the liver cell
  - (1) has more dominant traits than the skin cell
  - (2) can reproduce but the skin cell cannot
  - (3) carries out respiration but the skin cell does not
  - (4) uses different genes than the skin cell
- 4 Abiotic factors that could affect the stability of an ecosystem could include
  - (1) hurricanes, packs of wolves, and temperature
  - (2) blizzards, heat waves, and swarms of grasshoppers
  - (3) droughts, floods, and heat waves
  - (4) species of fish, number of decomposers, and supply of algae

- 5 Many viruses infect only a certain type of cell because they bind to certain
  - (1) other viruses on the surface of the cell
  - (2) mitochondria in the cell
  - (3) hormones in the cell
  - (4) receptor sites on the surface of the cell
- 6 The respiratory system includes a layer of cells in the air passages that clean the air before it gets to the lungs. This layer of cells is best classified as
  - (1) a tissue (3) an organelle
  - (2) an organ (4) an organ system
- 7 The diagram below represents a typical energy pyramid.



Which level in the pyramid includes autotrophs?

(1)	A	(3) $C$
(2)	В	(4) D

- 8 Mustard gas removes guanine (G) from DNA. For developing embryos, exposure to mustard gas can cause serious deformities because guanine
  - (1) stores the building blocks of proteins
  - (2) supports the structure of ribosomes
  - (3) produces energy for genetic transfer
  - (4) is part of the genetic code

9 The diagram below represents a food web.



Which organisms are correctly paired with their nutritional roles?

- (1) hawk-decomposer; insect-eating bird-parasite
- (2) mouse—autotroph; flower seed—heterotroph
- (3) mountain lion—predator; bark beetle—herbivore
- (4) grasshopper—carnivore; grass—autotroph
- 10 Which process usually results in offspring that exhibit new genetic variations?



- 11 Which observation could best be used to indicate an evolutionary relationship between two species?
  - (1) They have similar base sequences.
  - (2) They have similar fur color.
  - (3) They inhabit the same geographic regions.
  - (4) They occupy the same niche.
- 12 A species in a changing environment would have the best chance of survival as a result of a mutation that has a
  - (1) high adaptive value and occurs in its skin cells
  - (2) low adaptive value and occurs in its skin cells
  - (3) high adaptive value and occurs in its gametes
  - (4) low adaptive value and occurs in its gametes
- 13 In an area of Indonesia where the ocean floor is littered with empty coconut shells, a species of octopus has been filmed "walking" on two of its eight tentacles. The remaining six tentacles are wrapped around its body. Scientists suspect that, with its tentacles arranged this way, the octopus resembles a rolling coconut. Local predators, including sharks, seem not to notice the octopus as often when it behaves in this manner. This unique method of locomotion has lasted over many generations due to
  - (1) competition between octopuses and their predators
  - (2) ecological succession in marine habitats
  - (3) the process of natural selection
  - (4) selective breeding of this octopus species
- 14 Which statement concerning production of offspring is correct?
  - (1) Production of offspring is necessary for a species to survive, but it is not necessary for an individual to survive.
  - (2) An organism can reproduce without performing any of the other life processes.
  - (3) Production of offspring is necessary for an individual organism to survive, while the other life processes are important for a species to survive.
  - (4) Reproduction is a process that requires gametes in all species.

- 15 Limited resources contribute to evolutionary change in animals by increasing
  - (1) genetic variation within the population
  - (2) competition between members of the species
  - (3) the carrying capacity for the species
  - (4) the rate of photosynthesis in the population
- 16 Some chemical interactions in a human are shown in the graph below.



This graph represents hormones and events in the

- (1) process of fetal growth and development
- (2) process of meiotic cell division during sperm development
- (3) reproductive cycle of males
- (4) reproductive cycle of females
- 17 German measles is a disease that can harm an embryo if the mother is infected in the early stages of pregnancy because the virus that causes German measles is able to
  - (1) be absorbed by the embryo from the mother's milk
  - (2) be transported to the embryo in red blood cells
  - (3) pass across the placenta
  - (4) infect the eggs
- 18 In lakes in New York State that are exposed to acid rain, fish populations are declining. This is primarily due to changes in which lake condition?
  - (1) size (3) pH
  - (2) temperature (4) location

19 The diagram below represents a system in the human body.



The primary function of structure X is to

- (1) produce energy needed for sperm to move
- (2) provide food for the sperm to carry to the egg
- (3) produce and store urine
- (4) form gametes that may be involved in fertilization
- 20 The diagram below represents an autotrophic cell.



For the process of autotrophic nutrition, the arrow labeled *A* would most likely represent the direction of movement of

- (1) carbon dioxide, water, and solar energy
- (2) oxygen, glucose, and solar energy
- (3) carbon dioxide, oxygen, and heat energy
- (4) glucose, water, and heat energy
- 21 Which statement describes starches, fats, proteins, and DNA?
  - (1) They are used to store genetic information.
  - (2) They are complex molecules made from smaller molecules.
  - (3) They are used to assemble larger inorganic materials.
  - (4) They are simple molecules used as energy sources.

- 22 In 1995, during an Ebola virus outbreak, approximately 80% of the infected individuals died. Which statement is an inference that could be made based on this information?
  - (1) The individuals who survived were able to produce antibodies against the Ebola virus.
  - (2) The individuals who survived were not exposed to the Ebola antigens.
  - (3) Eighty percent of the population had a natural immunity to the Ebola virus.
  - (4) Eighty percent of the population was infected with a viral antigen.
- 23 In some people, substances such as peanuts, eggs, and milk cause an immune response. This response to usually harmless substances is most similar to the
  - (1)~ action of the heart as the intensity of exercise increases
  - (2) mechanism that regulates the activity of guard cells
  - (3) action of white blood cells when certain bacteria enter the body
  - (4) mechanism that maintains the proper level of antibiotics in the blood
- 24 The ivory-billed woodpecker, long thought to be extinct, was recently reported to be living in a southern swamp area. The most ecologically appropriate way to ensure the natural survival of this population of birds is to
  - (1) feed them daily with corn and other types of grain
  - (2) destroy their natural enemies and predators
  - (3) move the population of birds to a zoo
  - (4) limit human activities in the habitat of the bird
- 25 Millions of acres of tropical rain forest are being destroyed each year. Which change would most likely occur over time if the burning and clearing of these forests were stopped?
  - (1) an increase in the amount of atmospheric pollution produced
  - (2) a decrease in the source of new medicines
  - (3) an increase in the amount of oxygen released into the atmosphere
  - (4) a decrease in the number of species

26 The diagram below represents a biological process taking place in an area of New York State unaffected by natural disasters.



Which statement correctly describes a stage in this process?

- (1) The grass stage is the most stable stage and exists for thousands of years.
- (2) The shrub stage modifies the ecosystem, making it more suitable for the pine forest.
- (3) The pine forest stage has no biodiversity and the least competition.
- (4) The hardwood forest stage will be replaced by a pine forest.

27 Which sequence of natural events is likely to lead to ecosystem stability?

- (1) sexual reproduction  $\rightarrow$  genetic variation  $\rightarrow$  biodiversity  $\rightarrow$  ecosystem stability
- (2) as exual reproduction  $\rightarrow$  genetic variation  $\rightarrow$  cloning  $\rightarrow$  ecosystem stability
- (3) genetic variation  $\rightarrow$  asexual reproduction  $\rightarrow$  biodiversity  $\rightarrow$  ecosystem stability
- (4) genetic variation  $\rightarrow$  sexual reproduction  $\rightarrow$  cloning  $\rightarrow$  ecosystem stability

28 The Susquehanna River, which runs through the states of New York, Pennsylvania, and Maryland, received the designation "America's Most Endangered River" in 2005. One of the river's problems results from the large number of sewage overflow sites that are found along the course of the river. These sewage overflow sites are a direct result of an increase in

- (1) global warming
- (2) human population

- (3) recycling programs
- (4) atmospheric changes
- 29 Many farmers plant corn, and then harvest the entire plant at the end of the growing season. One *negative* effect of this action is that
  - (1) soil minerals used by corn plants are not recycled
  - (2) corn plants remove acidic compounds from the air all season long
  - (3) corn plants may replace renewable sources of energy
  - (4) large quantities of water are produced by corn plants

30 Which human activity is correctly paired with its likely future consequence?

- (1) overfishing in the Atlantic increase in supply of flounder and salmon as food for people
- (2) development of electric cars or hybrid vehicles increased rate of global warming
- (3) use of fossil fuels depletion of underground coal, oil, and natural gas supplies
- (4) genetically engineering animals less food available to feed the world's population

#### Part B-1

#### Answer all questions in this part. [12]

Directions (31-42): For each statement or question, write on the separate answer sheet the number of the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question.

31 An experiment was set up to test the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis, as shown in the diagram below.



Data were collected by counting gas bubbles released in a 5-minute period when the light source was placed at various distances from the experimental setup. The data are shown in the table below.

Distance From Light (cm)	Bubbles in 5-Minute Period
15	27
23	20
30	13
45	6

**Data Table** 

The number of bubbles released when the light source is at a distance of 38 centimeters would most likely be closest to

(1)	6	(3) 1	3
(2)	10	(4) 2	2

#### Living Environment-Jan. '09

32 Which diagram represents the relative sizes of the structures listed below?

Structures		
А	gene	
В	cell	
С	chromosome	
D	nucleus	



Base your answers to questions 33 through 35 on the diagram below, which represents some stages in the development of an embryo, and on your knowledge of biology.



33 This entire sequence (A through embryo) started with

- (1) the periodic shedding of a thickened uterine lining
- (2) mitotic cell division in a testis
- (3) meiotic cell division in the placenta
- (4) the process of fertilization

34 If cell A has 46 chromosomes, how many chromosomes will most likely be found in each cell of stage G?

(1) 23	(3) 69
(2) 46	(4) 92

#### 35 The arrow labeled X represents the process of

(1)	meiosis	(3)	differentiation
( - )		( ) · · · · ·	

(2) recombination (4) cloning

- 36 Which statement about the use of independent variables in controlled experiments is correct?
  - (1) A different independent variable must be used each time an experiment is repeated.
  - (2) The independent variables must involve time.
  - (3) Only one independent variable is used for each experiment.
  - (4) The independent variables state the problem being tested.
- 37 A scientist was investigating why a particular tree species grows only in a specific environment. To determine physical conditions the tree species needs to survive, an appropriate study should include
  - (1) the identification of organisms in the food web in that environment
  - (2) an analysis of the arrangement of the leaves on the trees
  - (3) the identification of all tree species in the area
  - (4) an analysis of the soil around the tree
- 38 The process illustrated in the sequence below occurs constantly in the biosphere.



Which type of organism is most likely represented by X?

(4) carnivore

- (1) decomposer (3) herbivore
- (2) producer

- 39 The direct source of ATP for the development of a fetus is
  - (1) a series of chemical activities that take place in the mitochondria of fetal cells
  - (2) a series of chemical activities that take place in the mitochondria of the uterine cells
  - (3) the transport of nutrients by the cytoplasm of the stomach cells of the mother
  - (4) the transport of nutrients by the cytoplasm of the stomach cells of the fetus
- 40 A sample of bacteria was added to a culture dish containing a food supply. The dish was kept in an incubator for two weeks, where temperature and other conditions that favored bacterial growth were kept constant. The graph below shows changes that occurred in the bacterial population over the two weeks.



Which statement provides the best explanation for some of the changes observed?

- (1) The bacteria were unable to reproduce until day 8.
- (2) The bacteria consumed all of the available food.
- (3) The culture dish contained an antibiotic for the first five days.
- (4) The temperature increased and the bacteria died.

41 The diagram below represents a process involved in reproduction in some organisms.



This process is considered a mechanism of evolution because

- (1) mitosis produces new combinations of inheritable traits
- (2) it increases the chances of DNA alterations in the parent
- (3) it is a source of variation in the offspring produced
- (4) meiosis prevents recombination of lethal mutations

42 The graph below shows the changes in the size of a fish population over a period of time.



The dashed line on the graph represents the

- (1) carrying capacity of the environment
- (2) life span of the species
- (3) level at which extinction is reached
- (4) level of maximum biodiversity of the species

#### Part B-2

#### Answer all questions in this part. [13]

*Directions* (43–54): For those questions that are followed by four choices, circle the *number* preceding the choice that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question. For all other questions in this part, follow the directions given in the question and record your answers in the spaces provided.

43 Complete the chart below by identifying *two* cell structures involved in protein synthesis and stating how *each* structure functions in protein synthesis. [2]

44 The diagram below represents stages in the digestion of an organic compound.



Explain why substance X would not be likely to digest a different organic compound. [1]

44

**For Teacher** 

**Use Only** 

47

Base your answers to questions 45 through 47 on the passage below and on your knowledge of biology.

#### **Overstaying Their Welcome: Cane Toads in Australia**

Everyone in Australia is in agreement that the cane toads have got to go. The problem is getting rid of them. Cane toads, properly known as *Bufo marinus*, are the most notorious of what are called invasive species in Australia and beyond. But unlike other species of the same classification, cane toads were intentionally introduced into Australia. The country simply got much more and much worse than it bargained for.

Before 1935, Australia did not have any toad species of its own. What the country did have, however, was a major beetle problem. Two species of beetles in particular, French's Cane Beetle and the Greyback Cane Beetle, were in the process of decimating [destroying] the northeastern state of Queenland's sugar cane crops. The beetle's larvae were eating the roots of the sugar cane and stunting, if not killing, the plants. The anticipated solution to this quickly escalating problem came in the form of the cane toad. After first hearing about the amphibians in 1933 at a conference in the Caribbean, growers successfully lobbied to have the cane toads imported to battle and hopefully destroy the beetles and save the crops....

The plan backfired completely and absolutely. As it turns out, cane toads do not jump very high, only about two feet actually, so they did not eat the beetles that for the most part lived in the upper stalks of cane plants. Instead of going after the beetles, as the growers had planned, the cane toads began going after everything else in sight insects, bird's eggs and even native frogs. And because the toads are poisonous, they began to kill would-be predators. The toll on native species has been immense....

Source: Tina Butler, mongabay.com, April 17, 2005

45 State one reason why the cane toads were imported to Australia. [1]

		45
46	Identify <i>one</i> adaptation of cane toads that made them successful in their new environment. [1]	
		46
47	State <i>one</i> specific example of how the introduction of the cane toads threatened biodiversity in Australia. [1]	

Living Environment-Jan. '09

Base your answers to questions 48 and 49 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

#### Signs of a Changing Planet

While the changing climate endangers some species, a little global warming suits many shallow-water squid and octopuses just fine. Slightly higher ocean temperatures have been shown to boost the growth of these cephalopods, whose digestive enzymes speed up when warm. The tentacled creatures are also quick to colonize new territory as conditions become more favorable. Humboldt squid, which usually range from Southern California to South America, have been spotted as far north as Alaska. Deep-sea squid may not, however, adapt as readily.

#### Sierra Magazine, March/April 2005

48 Which graph most accurately shows the interaction between water temperature and digestive enzyme action in the shallow-water squid?



48

49 Although warming of the ocean may favor the migration of these squid into new territory, there may be biotic factors that make it difficult for these squid to live there. Identify *one* of these biotic factors, and explain why this factor would make it difficult for these squid to live in the new territory. [1]

49

Base your answers to questions 50 through 54 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

In a test for diabetes, blood samples were taken from an individual every 4 hours for 24 hours. The glucose concentrations were recorded and are shown in the data table below.

<b>Time</b> (h)	Blood Glucose Concentration (mg/dL)
0	100
4	110
8	128
12	82
16	92
20	130
24	104

#### Blood Glucose Level Over Time

50 State *one* likely cause of the change in blood glucose concentration between hour 16 and hour 20. [1]

*Directions* (51 and 52): Using the information given, construct a line graph on the grid *on the next page*, following the directions below.

- 51 Mark an appropriate scale on the axis labeled "Blood Glucose Concentration (mg/dL)." [1]
- 52 Plot the data from the data table. Surround each point with a small circle and connect the points. [1]

Example:

50



### Part C

## Answer all questions in this part. [17]

Directions (55–67): Record your answers in the spaces provided in this examination booklet.

55 Many plants can affect the growth of other plants near them. This can occur when one plant produces a chemical that affects another plant.	For Teacher Use Only
Design an experiment to determine if a solution containing ground-up goldenrod plants has an effect on the growth of radish seedlings. In your experimental design be sure to:	
<ul> <li>state a hypothesis to be tested [1]</li> <li>describe how the experimental group will be treated differently from the control group [1]</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>explain why the number of seedlings used for the experiment should be large [1]</li> <li>identify the type of data that will be collected [1]</li> <li>describe experimental results that would support your hypothesis [1]</li> </ul>	
	55

Base your answers to questions 56 and 57 on the information below and on your knowl- edge of biology.	For Teacher Use Only
A biologist at an agriculture laboratory is asked to develop a better quality blueberry plant. He is given plants that produce unusually large blueberries and plants that produce very sweet blueberries.	
56 Describe <i>one</i> way the biologist could use these blueberry plants to develop a plant with blueberries that are both large and sweet. [1]	
	56
57 The biologist is successful in producing the new plant. State <i>one</i> method that can be used to produce many identical blueberry plants of this new type. [1]	
	57
Base your answers to questions 58 and 59 on the information below and on your knowl- edge of biology.	
Two adaptations of the monarch butterfly that aid in its survival are the production of a certain chemical and a distinctive coloration that other animals can easily recognize. When a monarch butterfly is eaten, the presence of the chemical results in a bad taste to the predator. Although the viceroy butterfly does not contain the chemical that tastes bad to a predator, it does resemble the monarch in size, shape, and coloration.	
58 Explain how the combination of this chemical and the distinctive coloration aid in the survival of the monarch butterfly. [1]	
	58
59 How do the characteristics of the viceroy butterfly aid in its survival? [1]	
	59

**Example of Food Treated** Method **Description of Method** With This Method canning heating at 115°C for 30 minutes green beans storing between -10°C and -18°C freezing meat, fish, poultry for extended time soaking in a salt solution for several salting pickles, sauerkraut days or weeks 60 Identify *one* type of organism that is controlled by these food preservation methods. [1] 60 61 State one way extremely high temperatures can affect biological catalysts found in these organisms. [1] 61 62 Explain why high salt concentrations can kill organisms. [1] 62

Food is often treated to lower the risk of disease and spoilage, as shown in the chart below.

**Food Preservation Methods** 

#### For Teacher Use Only

63	An industry releases small amounts of a chemical pollutant into a nearby river each day. The chemical is absorbed by the microscopic water plants in the river. It causes the plants no apparent harm. Explain how this small amount of the chemical in the microscopic plants could enter the food chain and endanger the lives of birds that live nearby and feed on the fish from the river each day. [1]	For Teacher Use Only
		63
knov	Base your answers to questions 64 through 67 on the information below and on your wledge of biology.	
	Carbon, like many other elements, is maintained in ecosystems through a natural cycle. Human activities have been disrupting the carbon cycle.	
64	Identify <i>one</i> process involved in recycling carbon dioxide within ecosystems. [1]	64
65	State <i>one</i> reason why the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere has increased in the last 100 years. [1]	
		65
66	Identify <i>one</i> effect this increase in carbon dioxide could have on the environment. [1]	
		66
67	Describe <i>one</i> way individuals can help slow down or reverse the increase in carbon dioxide. [1]	
		67

#### Part D

#### Answer all questions in this part. [13]

*Directions* (68–80): For those questions that are followed by four choices, circle the *number* of the choice, that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question. For all other questions in this part, follow the directions given in the question and record your answers in the spaces provided.

Base your answer to question 68 on the chart below and on your knowledge of biology.

For T	eacher
Use	Only

Species	Sequence of Four Amino Acids Found in the Same Part of the Hemoglobin Molecule of Species
human	Lys–Glu–His–Phe
horse	Arg-Lys-His-Lys
gorilla	Lys-Glu-His-Lys
chimpanzee	Lys-Glu-His-Phe
zebra	Arg-Lys-His-Arg

68 Which evolutionary tree best represents the information in the chart?





Base your answers to questions 71 through 73 on the histograms below and on your **For Teacher** knowledge of biology. **Use Only** Students in a class recorded their resting pulse rates and their pulse rates immediately after strenuous activity. The data obtained are shown in the histograms below. **Resting Pulse Rate Pulse Rate After Activity** 12 12 10 10 8 8 6 6 4 4 2 2 0 0 51-60 61-70 71-80 81-90 > 90 51-60 61-70 71-80 81-90 > 90 < 50 < 50 Average Pulse Rate Range (per min) Average Pulse Rate Range (per min) 71 An appropriate label for the y-axis in each histogram would be (1) Number of Students (2) Average Number of Heartbeats (3) Time (min) (4) Amount of Exercise 7172 According to the data, compared to the average resting pulse rate, the average pulse rate immediately after strenuous activity generally (1) decreased (2) increased (3) remained the same (4) decreased and leveled off 72 73 State one biological explanation for the fact that not all students had the same resting pulse rate. [1] 73

Base your answers to questions 74 and 75 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of biology.



For Teacher Use Only

74

75

76 Glucose indicator was added to a beaker of an unknown liquid. Starch indicator was added to a different beaker containing the same unknown liquid. The color of the indicator solutions before they were added to the beakers and the color of the contents of the beakers after adding the indicator solution are recorded in the chart below.

Beaker	Solution	Color of Indicator Solution Before Adding to Beaker	Color of Contents of Beaker After Adding Indicator Solution
1	unknown liquid + glucose indicator	blue	blue (after heating)
2	unknown liquid + starch indicator	amber	blue black

Which carbohydrate is present in the unknown liquid? Support your answer. [1]

77 A laboratory setup of a model cell is shown in the diagram below.



Which observation would most likely be made 24 hours later?

- (1) The contents of the model cell have changed color.
- (2) The diameter of the model cell has increased.
- (3) The model cell has become smaller.
- (4) The amount of distilled water in the beaker has increased.

For Teacher Use Only

76

77

Base your answers to questions 78 and 79 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of biology. The diagram illustrates what happens when a particular solution is added to a wet-mount slide containing red onion cells being observed using a compound light microscope.



78 Identify a process that caused the change in the cells. [1]

79 To observe the cells on this slide it is best to start out using the

- (1) high-power objective and focus using the coarse adjustment, only
- (2) low-power objective and focus using the fine adjustment, only

(3) high-power objective and focus using the fine adjustment

(4) low-power objective and focus using the coarse adjustment

For Teacher Use Only



79	



80 The diagram below represents the distribution of some molecules inside and outside of a cell over time.





The University of the State of New York	Maximum Student's	
REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION	A 30	
LIVING ENVIRONMENT	B-1 12	
	B-2 13	
<b>Tuesday, January 27, 2009 — 9:15 a.m. to 12:15 p.m., only</b>	C 17	
ANSWER SHEET	D 13	
Student Sex:  Male Teacher School	Total Raw Score (maximum Raw Score: 85)Final Score (from conversion chart)	
	Raters' InitialsRater 1Rater 2	=
Record your answers to Part A and Part B–1 on this answer s Part A	heet. Part B–1	
1	31	
2	32 38	
3 13 23	33 39	
4	34 40	
5 15	35 41	
6	36 42	
7	Part B–1 Score	
8		
9		
10 20		

The declaration below must be signed when you have completed the examination.

I do hereby affirm, at the close of this examination, that I had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that I have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination.

Tear Here

## LIVING ENVIRONMENT

Tear Here