The University of the State of New York REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

ALGEBRA I (Common Core)

Wednesday, August 13, 2014 — 8:30 a.m.

MODEL RESPONSE SET

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25 In the equation $x^2 + 10x + 24 = (x + a)(x + b)$, *b* is an integer. Find algebraically *all* possible values of *b*.



25 In the equation $x^2 + 10x + 24 = (x + a)(x + b)$, <i>b</i> is an integer. Find algebraically <i>all</i> possible values of <i>b</i> .
$\frac{x^{2}+6x-4+2}{(x+6)(x+4)} = (x+6)(x+6)(x+4)$ $(x+6)(x+4) = (x+6)(x+4)$ $b=4$
Score 1: The student made one error by not stating all possible values of <i>b</i> .



25 In the equation $x^2 + 10x + 24 = (x + a)(x + b)$, <i>b</i> is an integer. Find algebraically <i>all</i> possible values of <i>b</i> .
$x^{2}+10x+24=(x+a)(x+b)$
$x^{2} + 10x + 24 = x^{2} + bx + ax + ab$ - $x^{2} - x^{3}$
$\frac{10x+24}{x} = \frac{bx+ax+ab}{b x}$
10 + 24 = b + a + ab
34 = b + a + ab
34-a = b + ab - $ab - ab$
34-246=6
Score 0: The student's response contains at least two different errors.

26 Rhonda deposited \$3000 in an account in the Merrick National Bank, earning 4.2% interest, compounded annually. She made no deposits or withdrawals. Write an equation that can be used to find B, her account balance after t years. $B = 3000(1+.042)^{\ddagger}$ Score 2: The student has a complete and correct response.



26 Rhonda deposited \$3000 in an account in the Merrick National Bank, earning 4.2% interest, compounded annually. She made no deposits or withdrawals. Write an equation that can be used to find *B*, her account balance after *t* years.

3000 (1.042)+

Score 1: The student made an error by not writing an equation.

26 Rhonda deposited \$3000 in an account in the Merrick National Bank, earning 4.2% interest, compounded annually. She made no deposits or withdrawals. Write an equation that can be used to find *B*, her account balance after *t* years.

x = 3000 (1+.042)t

Score 1: The student did not write an equation in terms of *B* and *t*.

26 Rhonda deposited \$3000 in an account in the Merrick National Bank, earning 4.2% interest, compounded annually. She made no deposits or withdrawals. Write an equation that can be used to find *B*, her account balance after *t* years.

B= 3000(.642)[†]

Score 1: The student made an error by not including the 1 in the growth factor.

26 Rhonda deposited \$3000 in an account in the Merrick National Bank, earning 4.2% interest, compounded annually. She made no deposits or withdrawals. Write an equation that can be used to find *B*, her account balance after *t* years.

B= 3000(.42)

Score 0: The student made two errors by not including (1 + r) and changing 4.2% to 0.42.







Score 2: The student has a complete and correct response.

$$\frac{185 + 0.038}{185 + 215 + 0.0254} = 275 + 0.0254 = -0.03$$

$$\frac{185 + 275 - 245}{-245 + 0.0054} = -0.0054 = -0.0054$$

$$-275 - 245 = -0.054$$

$$-0.005 = -0.0054$$

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27 Guy and Jim work at a furniture store. Guy is paid \$185 per week plus 3% of his total sales in dollars, *x*, which can be represented by g(x) = 185 + 0.03x. Jim is paid \$275 per week plus 2.5% of his total sales in dollars, *x*, which can be represented by f(x) = 275 + 0.025x. Determine the value of *x*, in dollars, that will make their weekly pay the same.

$$8S + 0.03X = 275 + 0.025X$$

Score 0: The student set the expressions equal, but showed no further correct work.

\$ 185 perweek + 3% commission

$$275$$
 perweek + 3% commission
 185 perweek + 0,5% commission
 185 1.035
 1.035 1.035
 1.035 5.55
 5.55 5.00
 5.55







28 Express the product of $2x^2 + 7x - 10$ and x + 5 in standard form. $\frac{(2x^{2}+7x-b)(x+5)}{10x^{2}+35x-50+36x^{3}+7x^{2}-10x^{2}}$ $-\frac{7}{7x^{3}}+17x^{2}+25x-50^{3}$ The student made one error when multiplying $2x^2$ and x. Score 1:

28 Express the product of $2x^2 + 7x - 10$ and x + 5 in standard form. $(2x^{2} + 7x - 10)(x + 5)$ $7x^{3} + 10x^{2} + 7x^{2} + 35x - 10x - 50$ Score 1: The student did not express the product in standard form.



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Score 2: The student has a complete and correct response.




























32 A student was given the equation $x^2 + 6x - 13 = 0$ to solve by completing the square. The first step that was written is shown below.

 $x^2 + 6x = 13$

The next step in the student's process was $x^2 + 6x + c = 13 + c$.

State the value of c that creates a perfect square trinomial.



Explain how the value of c is determined.

The value of c is determined by taking the "b" & dividing 1+ by 2, then squaring it.

Score 2: The student has a complete and correct response.

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32 A student was given the equation $x^2 + 6x - 13 = 0$ to solve by completing the square. The first step that was written is shown below. $x^2 + 6x = 13$ The next step in the student's process was $x^2 + 6x + c = 13 + c$. (x+3)(x+3) x2+3x+3x+9 x2+6x+9 State the value of c that creates a perfect square trinomial. Explain how the value of c is determined. when C = 9, the Hrinomial is the product of $(x+3)^2$ a perfect savare. The student found c = 9, but wrote an incorrect explanation. Score 1:

32 A student was given the equation $x^2 + 6x - 13 = 0$ to solve by completing the square. The first step that was written is shown below.

 $x^2 + 6x = 13$

The next step in the student's process was $x^2 + 6x + c = 13 + c$.

State the value of c that creates a perfect square trinomial.

18

Explain how the value of c is determined.











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34 The formula for the area of a trapezoid is $A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$. Express b_1 in terms of A, h, and b_2 .

$$\frac{A=\frac{1}{2h}(b,+b_{2})}{\frac{1}{2h}} + \frac{A}{\frac{1}{2h}} + \frac{A}{\frac{1}{2h}} + b_{2} = b_{1}$$

The area of a trapezoid is 60 square feet, its height is 6 ft, and one base is 12 ft. Find the number of feet in the other base.

$$b_{1} = \frac{2A}{n} - b_{2}$$

$$\frac{2(60)}{6} - 12$$

$$\frac{120}{6} - 12$$

$$20 - 12$$

$$b_{1} = 8$$

$$8 \text{ feet}$$

Score 4: The student has a complete and correct response.





34 The formula for the area of a trapezoid is $A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$. Express b_1 in terms of A, h, and b_2 .

$$\begin{array}{c} A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2) \\ \xrightarrow{-b_2} \\ -b_2 = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1) \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} A - b_2 \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} A - b_2 \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} B \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} B \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}h} \\ \end{array}$$

The area of a trapezoid is 60 square feet, its height is 6 ft, and one base is 12 ft. Find the number of feet in the other base.

$$A = \frac{1}{a}h(b_1 + b_2)$$

$$b = \frac{1}{a}(b_1(b_1 + b_2))$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(b_1(b_1 + b_2))$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(b_1($$

Score 2: The student made an error by subtracting b_2 rather than first using the distributive property.

34 The formula for the area of a trapezoid is $A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$. Express b_1 in terms of A, h, and b_2 .



The area of a trapezoid is 60 square feet, its height is 6 ft, and one base is 12 ft. Find the number of feet in the other base.



Score 1: The student showed appropriate work to find 8, but showed no further correct work.























36 A school is building a rectangular soccer field that has an area of 6000 square yards. The soccer field must be 40 yards longer than its width. Determine algebraically the dimensions of the soccer field, in yards.

$$\frac{x+40 \rightarrow 60+40}{(x+40)} = 6000 y^{2}}$$

$$x(x+40) = 6000$$

$$x^{2} + 40x = 6000$$

$$-6000 = 6000$$

$$x^{2} + 40x - 6000 = 0$$

$$(x + 100) (x - 60)$$

$$100 + 100$$

$$1+60$$

$$1+60$$

Score 4: The student has a complete and correct response.

36 A school is building a rectangular soccer field that has an area of 6000 square yards. The soccer field must be 40 yards longer than its width. Determine algebraically the dimensions of the soccer field, in yards.

$$A = L \cdot W$$

$$6000 = \times (x + 40)$$

$$6000 = x^{2} + 40x$$

$$-6000$$

$$0 = x^{2} + 40x - 6000$$

$$0 = (x - 60)(x + 100)$$

$$\frac{x - 600}{100} = 0$$

$$\frac{x + 60}{100} = -100$$

$$\frac{x + 40 = -100}{100} = -60$$

Score 3: The student made an error by not rejecting the negative solution.

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Score 2: The student made one conceptual error by using the perimeter rather than area formula.

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36 A school is building a rectangular soccer field that has an area of 6000 square yards. The soccer field must be 40 yards longer than its width. Determine algebraically the dimensions of the soccer field, in yards.

wide
$$10r0$$

 $X(40x) = 6000$
 $40x^2 = 6000$
 $5x^2 = 550$
 $x = 12.25$
 $40x = 490$

Score 1: The student made an error in expressing the length, and then made a rounding error.

36 A school is building a rectangular soccer field that has an area of 6000 square yards. The soccer field must be 40 yards longer than its width. Determine algebraically the dimensions of the soccer field, in yards.



Score 0: The student wrote the equation 6000 = w(40 + w), but showed no further correct work.

37 Edith babysits for x hours a week after school at a job that pays \$4 an hour. She has accepted a job that pays \$8 an hour as a library assistant working y hours a week. She will work both jobs. She is able to work *no more than* 15 hours a week, due to school commitments. Edith wants to earn *at least* \$80 a week, working a combination of both jobs.

Write a system of inequalities that can be used to represent the situation.

45-XHSX+4515 4X+84Z#80 42-1/2×+10

Graph these inequalities on the set of axes below.



Score 6: The student had a complete and correct response.

37 Edith babysits for x hours a week after school at a job that pays \$4 an hour. She has accepted a job that pays \$8 an hour as a library assistant working y hours a week. She will work both jobs. She is able to work *no more than* 15 hours a week, due to school commitments. Edith wants to earn *at least* \$80 a week, working a combination of both jobs.

Write a system of inequalities that can be used to represent the situation.

X+Y =15 YX+8y =80

Graph these inequalities on the set of axes below.



2 and 12

Score 5: The student did not indicate which choice of hours corresponds with which job.




37 Edith babysits for *x* hours a week after school at a job that pays \$4 an hour. She has accepted a job that pays \$8 an hour as a library assistant working *y* hours a week. She will work both jobs. She is able to work *no more than* 15 hours a week, due to school commitments. Edith wants to earn *at least* \$80 a week, working a combination of both jobs.

Write a system of inequalities that can be used to represent the situation.



Score 4: The student stated both inequalities and a correct combination of hours, but did not graph both inequalities.



37 Edith babysits for *x* hours a week after school at a job that pays \$4 an hour. She has accepted a job that pays \$8 an hour as a library assistant working y hours a week. She will work both jobs. She is able to work *no more than* 15 hours a week, due to school commitments. Edith wants to earn *at least* \$80 a week, working a combination of both jobs. Write a system of inequalities that can $x = \frac{4x + 8y}{4x + 8y} \leq 80$ Graph these inequalities on the set of axes below. $\frac{4x + 8y}{4x} \leq 80$ $\frac{4x + 8y}{4x} = 10$ $\frac{4x + 8y}{4$ YZ-X+15 10 Determine and state one combination of hours that will allow Edith to earn at least \$80 per week while working no more than 15 hours. If she works of hours ag a libror assistant and 2 hours as about sitter. The student made a conceptual error by writing both inequalities with an incorrect Score 3: symbol. The student made a graphing error based on the system written. The student stated a correct combination of hours.



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Write a system of inequalities that can be used to represent the situation.

$$x+y \leq 15$$
 $4x+\delta y \leq 80$ $y \leq \frac{1}{2}x+10$

Graph these inequalities on the set of axes below.





37 Edith babysits for *x* hours a week after school at a job that pays \$4 an hour. She has accepted a job that pays \$8 an hour as a library assistant working y hours a week. She will work both jobs. She is able to work no more than 15 hours a week, due to school commitments. Edith wants to earn at least \$80 a week, working a combination of both jobs. fx+ 8y = 80 °=-4× Write a system of inequalities that can be used to represent the situation. $-\not \prec \times$ X+ y= 15 84 = 80 - FX 4x+8y=80 X+y=15 y=15-8 Graph these inequalities on the set of axes below. 20 $y = -\frac{1}{2} \times + 10$ Fegerbed $y = -\frac{1}{2} \times + 10$ 10 -|>x 20 10 Determine and state one combination of hours that will allow Edith to earn at least \$80 per week while working no more than 15 hours. Score 1: The student stated two correct equations, but showed no further correct work.

37 Edith babysits for *x* hours a week after school at a job that pays \$4 an hour. She has accepted a job that pays \$8 an hour as a library assistant working *y* hours a week. She will work both jobs. She is able to work *no more than* 15 hours a week, due to school commitments. Edith wants to earn *at least* \$80 a week, working a combination of both jobs.

Write a system of inequalities that can be used to represent the situation.

$$X=4$$
 and $Y=8$

Graph these inequalities on the set of axes below.



Determine and state one combination of hours that will allow Edith to earn *at least* \$80 per week while working *no more than* 15 hours.

Score 0: The student has a completely incorrect response.