GRADE 4

ELEMENTARY-LEVEL SCIENCE TEST

JUNE 2019 WRITTEN TEST
FOR TEACHERS ONLY
RATING GUIDE FOR PART II

This rating guide contains detailed directions for rating student responses to Part II of the written test in Elementary-Level Science. All raters should become familiar with the detailed directions before beginning to rate student responses.

Appendix A provides a performance levels chart that translates final scores into four performance levels. A conversion chart is also needed to translate a student's raw scores on the written and performance tests to a final score. This chart will be posted on the Department's web site http://www.p12.nysed.gov/assessment/. Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must *not* be used to determine students' final scores for the 2019 administration of the test.

Appendix B provides four charts that link the individual questions on the test to the *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4*. This core curriculum is based on the *New York State Learning Standards in Mathematics*, *Science*, and *Technology*.

Any clarifications or changes to this rating guide will be posted on the New York State Education Department web site at http://www.p12.nysed.gov/assessment/ during the rating period. Check the "Scoring Information" link at this web site before starting the rating process and several times during the rating period.

Questions regarding this test should be directed to the Office of State Assessment at (518) 474-5900.

Note: Retain this rating guide for future use. Do *not* return it to the Department with the performance test materials.

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ALBANY, NEW YORK 12234

Detailed Directions for Rating Part II of the Written Test

Note: Teachers are no longer permitted to score their own students' responses.

This guide contains detailed directions and criteria for rating student responses to the questions in Part II of the written test. Raters should become familiar with the detailed directions and rating criteria before beginning to rate the student responses. Refer to the 2019 Manual for Administrators and Teachers for suggestions about organizing the rating process.

In rating the student responses, follow the procedure outlined below.

- 1. Familiarize yourself with the system your school is using for processing the answer papers and recording the student scores.
- 2. Have a test booklet on hand. Read each Part II question carefully. Note exactly what is required.
- 3. Carefully read the criteria provided in this guide for rating each question.
- 4. For most questions, examples of acceptable responses are provided. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to, the examples given. Other responses that convey the same general meaning as those given in this guide should also receive credit. Raters must use their professional judgment to decide if the student's answer meets the criteria. You may find it helpful to discuss questionable student responses with other raters.
- 5. Acceptable responses separated by a slash (/) are considered to be the same response and should be counted for credit once.
- 6. To ensure the accuracy of overlays, select a printer setting such as *full*, *actual size*, or 100% when printing this document. Do *not* select the *fit to page* setting.
- 7. Discuss with other raters the requirements of each question and the rating criteria. When you are certain that you clearly understand the requirements and criteria, you are ready to begin rating the student responses.
- 8. It is recommended that you rate all the student responses to one question or group of questions before proceeding to the next question or group of questions. This method helps ensure that the rating criteria are applied consistently.
- 9. Students should *not* lose credit for incorrect spelling, grammar, capitalization, or punctuation.
- 10. For questions where there is more than one answer and a specific number of answers are required, (e.g., identify *three* materials, give *two* examples), if the student provides more than the required number of responses, score only the required number, in the order in which they appear.

- 11. Sometimes in questions where there is only one acceptable answer, the student will provide more than one answer. These must be considered on a case-by-case basis. If the second answer indicates that the student does not understand the question or is simply guessing, then credit should not be allowed.
- 12. Record the number of credits you allow for each question in the table provided on the back cover of the test booklet. The maximum number of credits for each question appears in the table.
- 13. When you have finished rating all the Part II questions, add the credits allowed for each question to obtain the total raw score for Part II.
- 14. Follow your school's procedure for transferring Part II scores to the student's scannable answer sheet. These are local decisions that depend on the answer sheet your school uses. Some schools will transfer a score for each Part II question while others may transfer a total raw score for Part II. Check to be certain that the student name on the test booklet matches the name on the answer sheet.

Online Submission of Teacher Evaluations of the Test to the Department

Suggestions and feedback from teachers provide an important contribution to the test development process. The Department provides an online evaluation form for State assessments. It contains spaces for teachers to respond to several specific questions and to make suggestions. Instructions for completing the evaluation form are as follows:

- 1. Go to http://www.p12.nysed.gov/assessment/teacher/evaluation.html.
- 2. Select the test title.
- 3. Complete the required demographic fields.
- 4. Complete each evaluation question and provide comments in the space provided.
- 5. Click the SUBMIT button at the bottom of the page to submit the completed form.

- 31 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
 - The 16-g wood block floated instead of sank.
 - A 2-g iron nail sank instead of floated.
 - One object with a mass greater than 9 grams floats.
 - The wooden block floated even though it was more than 9 g.
 - The iron nail's mass is less than 9 g and it sank.

Note: Do *not* allow credit for responses such as "wood floats" *or* "metal sinks" *or* "the wooden block floated." These responses only refer to the material from which the object is made, and do *not* address mass, as stated in the hypothesis.

32 [1] Allow 1 credit for entering correct data in *all three* unshaded columns.

Example of a 1-credit response:

Date	9/8	9/15	9/22	9/29
Mass of bird (g)	10	15	15	20

Note: Do not accept dates and masses that are correctly matched but not in chronological order.

- **33** [1] Allow 1 credit for July.
- **34** [1] Allow 1 credit for any value greater than 34°F but less than 56°F.
- ${f 35}$ [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
 - so you get the proper nutrients
 - helps control weight
 - keeps the heart and other internal organs functioning correctly
 - builds strong muscles and bones
 - to not become overweight
 - to live a long life
 - to make you strong
 - Eating only one type of food may not give a person all the required nutrients.

Note: Do *not* allow credit for "to maintain good health" *or* "to stay healthy" because this is implied in the question.

36 [1] Allow 1 credit if the objects are sorted as shown below.

Short	Tall
ВС	ADEF

Note: Allow credit if the letters are in a different order; e.g., F, D, A, E.

37 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- sense food
- remove food from the water
- filter food from the water
- sense predators/prey

38 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- The shell color can camouflage the crab on the sandy beach.
- The color of its shell can help it to hide from predators.
- It looks like the sand, and predators will not see it.

39 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- to provide a place to lay their eggs and raise their young
- to provide a shelter for the young
- to provide a safe area away from predators
- a safe place to sleep
- access to food/water
- enough space for baby birds to grow and thrive

Note: Do *not* allow credit for "to provide a home to live in" because the purpose of the nest is to protect and raise the offspring, not to be a home for birds.

40	[1]	Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
		— They can use the vegetables for food.
		— They can save money on food.
		— cool and/or trap heat for the buildings
		— creating a green/usable space that they didn't have
		— to provide healthier/fresh food
		— Plants provide oxygen.
		— Plants remove carbon dioxide from the atmosphere.
		Note: Do <i>not</i> allow credit for "it gets more sun/water," as this helps the plants, not the people.
41	[1]	Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
		— The tree is blocking the sunlight from student 1.
		— The shadow of the tree is covering student 1.
		— She is shaded by the tree.
		— She is behind the tree, out of the Sun.
42	[1]	Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
		— perspire/sweat
		— sunburn/turn red
		— suntan
		— get hotter/temperature increase
		— get thirsty
43	[1]	Allow 1 credit for heat energy or thermal energy.
44	[1]	Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
		— wood
		— plastic
		— rubber
		— silicone
		— glass

45 [1] Allow 1 credit for electrical, electric, *or* electricity.

Appendix A

New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test June 2019

Performance Levels Chart

The chart on the next page defines the four performance levels for this test. The State-designated level of performance for this test is a final score of 65 or higher (levels 3 and 4). Students scoring below 65 (levels 1 and 2) must be provided with academic intervention services according to section 100.2(ee)(i) of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education. The chart provides the score range and a brief description of student performance for each level.

The conversion chart will be posted on the Department's web site http://www.p12.nysed.gov/assessment/ through the "Scoring Information" link.

Note: Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must *not* be used to determine students' final scores for the 2019 administration.

Performance Levels for Final Score Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test

Level	Final Test Score Range	Description of Student Performance
4	85–100	 Meeting the Standards with Distinction A student demonstrates superior understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student demonstrates superior elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student demonstrates superior understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.
3	65–84	 Meeting the Standards The student demonstrates understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student demonstrates elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student demonstrates understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.
2	45–64	 Not Fully Meeting the Standards The student demonstrates only minimal understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for each of the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student demonstrates minimal elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student demonstrates minimal understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.
1	0–44	 Not Meeting the Standards The student is <i>unable</i> to demonstrate understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student is <i>unable</i> to demonstrate elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. The student is <i>unable</i> to demonstrate understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.

Appendix B

Item Maps

New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test June 2019 Written Test Performance Test Form A

Item maps contained in this appendix:

- Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K–4* June 2019 Written Test and Performance Test, Form A
- Reference to Process Skills Based on Standard 4 June 2019 Written Test and Performance Test, Form A
- Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions June 2019 Written Test
- Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions Performance Test, Form A

Note: Core curriculum is based on *NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics, Science, and Technology.*

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics,	Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4		formance Form A estion Num	June 2019 Written Test	
Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Question Number
	M1 Abstraction and symbolic representation are used to communicate mathematically.	1, 2, 4, 5		1	
Standard 1 Mathematical Analysis	M2 Deductive and inductive reasoning are used to reach mathematical conclusions.			3, 5	
	M3 Critical thinking skills are used in the solution of mathematical problems.	1, 2, 4	1, 3	1	
	S1.1 Ask "why" questions in attempts to seek greater understanding concerning objects and events they have observed and heard about.				
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Key Idea 1	S1.2 Question the explanations they hear from others and read about, seeking clarification and comparing them with their own observations and understandings.		4		
	S1.3 Develop relationships among observations to construct descriptions of objects and events and to form their own tentative explanations of what they have observed.		2		
	S2.1 Develop written plans for exploring phenomena or for evaluating explanations guided by questions or proposed explanations they have helped formulate.				
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Key Idea 2	S2.2 Share their research plans with others and revise them based on their suggestions.				
Rey Idea 2	S2.3 Carry out their plans for exploring phenomena through direct observation and through the use of simple instruments that permit measurement of quantities such as length, mass, volume, temperature, and time.			1	
	S3.1 Organize observations and measurements of objects and events through classification and the preparation of simple charts and tables.		1, 3		32
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Koy Idea 2	S3.2 Interpret organized observations and measurements, recognizing simple patterns, sequences, and relationships.		2, 4	2,3	34
Key Idea 3	S3.3 Share their findings with others and actively seek their interpretations and ideas.		4		
	S3.4 Adjust their explanations and understandings of objects and events based on their findings and new ideas.			4, 5	31
Standard 1 Engineering Design	T1.1–T1.5 Engineering design is an iterative process involving modeling and optimization to develop technological solutions to problems within given constraints.			4	

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics,	Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4		formance Form A estion Nur		June 2019 Written Test
Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Question Number
Standard 2 Information Systems	1 Information technology is used to retrieve, process, and communicate information as a tool to enhance learning.				
Students will access, generate, process, and transfer	2 Knowledge of the impacts and limitations of information systems is essential to its effectiveness and ethical use.				
information using appropriate technologies.	3 Information technology can have positive and negative impacts on society, depending upon how it is used.				30
	1 Earth and celestial phenomena can be described by principles of relative motion and perspective.				16, 17
	2 Many of the phenomena that we observe on Earth involve interactions among components of air, water, and land.				18
Standard 4 The Physical Setting	3 Matter is made up of particles whose properties determine the observable characteristics of matter and its reactivity.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	1, 2		19, 21, 22, 23, 28, 36, 41
	4 Energy exists in many forms, and when these forms change, energy is conserved.		1, 2		24, 25, 43, 44, 45
	5 Energy and matter interact through forces that result in changes in motion.		3, 4	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	20, 26, 27, 29
	1 Living things are both similar to and different from each other and from nonliving things.				1, 2, 3
	2 Organisms inherit genetic information in a variety of ways that result in continuity of structure and function between parents and offspring.				4, 5
	3 Individual organisms and species change over time.				6, 7, 11, 38
Standard 4 The Living	4 The continuity of life is sustained through reproduction and development.				8
Environment	5 Organisms maintain a dynamic equilibrium that sustains life.				9, 10, 13, 15, 35, 37, 39, 42
	6 Plants and animals depend on each other and their physical environment.				12, 14
	7 Human decisions and activities have had a profound impact on the physical and living environment.				40

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics,	Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4	Performance Test Form A Question Number			June 2019 Written Test
Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Question Number
	1 Systems Thinking Through systems thinking, people can recognize the commonalities that exist among all systems and how parts of a system interrelate and combine to perform specific functions.				
Standard 6 Interconnectedness:	2 Models Models are simplified representations of objects, structures, or systems used in analysis, explanation, interpretation, or design.				
Students will understand the relationships and common themes that connect mathematics,	Themes 3 Magnitude and Scale The grouping of magnitudes of size, time, frequency, and pressures or other units of measurement into a series of relative order provides a useful way to deal with the immense range and the changes in scale that affect the behavior and design of systems.				
science, and technology and apply the themes to these and other	4 Equilibrium and Stability Equilibrium is a state of stability due either to a lack of change (static equilibrium) or a balance between opposing forces (dynamic equilibrium).				
areas of learning.	5 Patterns of Change Identifying patterns of change is necessary for making predictions about future behavior and conditions.			2, 3	33
	6 Optimization In order to arrive at the best solution that meets criteria within constraints, it is often necessary to make trade-offs.			5	
Standard 7 Interdisciplinary Problem Solving Students will understand the	1 Connections The knowledge and skills of mathematics, science, and technology are used together to make informed decisions and solve problems, especially those related to issues of science/technology/society, consumer decision making, design, and inquiry into phenomena.				
relationships and common themes that connect mathematics, science, and technology and apply the themes to these and other areas of learning.	2 Strategies Solving interdisciplinary problems involves a variety of skills and strategies, including effective work habits; gathering and processing information; generating and analyzing ideas; realizing ideas; making connections among the common themes of mathematics, science, and technology; and presenting results.				

Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test—June 2019 Reference to Process Skills Based On Standard 4

	Process Skills-General Skills		nance Test		June 2019 Written Test
	(From Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4)	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Question Number
i	follow safety procedures in the classroom, laboratory, and field				
ii	safely and accurately use the following tools: hand lens, ruler (metric), balance, gram weights, spring scale, thermometer (C°, F°), measuring cups, graduated cylinder, timepiece(s)	1, 2, 4			21
iii	develop an appreciation of and respect for all learning environments (classroom, laboratory, field, etc.)				
iv	manipulate materials through teacher direction and free discovery				
V	use information systems appropriately				
vi	select appropriate standard and nonstandard measurement tools for measurement activities	1, 2, 4			
vii	estimate, find, and communicate measurements, using standard and nonstandard units	1, 2, 4, 5			
viii	use and record appropriate units for measured or calculated values	2, 5			
ix	order and sequence objects and/or events				32
X	classify objects according to an established scheme				36
xi	generate a scheme for classification				
xii	utilize senses optimally for making observations				
xiii	observe, analyze, and report observations of objects and events	3	1, 3	1	
xiv	observe, identify, and communicate patterns			2, 3	9
XV	observe, identify, and communicate cause and effect relationships	3			13, 15, 20, 25, 35, 41, 43
xvi	generate appropriate questions (teacher- and student- based) in response to observations, events, and other experiences				
xvii	observe, collect, organize, and appropriately record data, then accurately interpret results				31, 32
xviii	collect and organize data, choosing the appropriate representation: journal entries, graphic representations, drawings/pictorial representations				
xix	make predictions based on prior experiences and/or information			2, 3, 5	42
xx	compare and contrast organisms/objects/events in the living and physical environments		2, 4		
xxi	identify and control variables/factors			4	
xxii	plan, design, and implement a short-term and long-term investigation based on a student- or teacher-posed problem				
xxiii	communicate procedures and conclusions through oral and written presentations				

Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Written Test – June 2019 Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

Question Number	MST Learning Standard	Area within Standard 4 (PS or LE)	Key Idea or Major Understanding	Other Standards, Key Ideas, or Major Understandings	Process Skills Based on Standard 4 (p. 11 in core)
1	4	LE	1.1c	1.1d; St 6 KI 2	
2	4	LE	1.2a	4.2a	
3	4	LE	1.1a	1.1b	
4	4	LE	2.1a		
5	4	LE	2.2a	St 6 KI 2	
6	4	LE	3.1b		
7	4	LE	3.1c		
8	4	LE	4.1e	St 6 KI 2	
9	4	LE	5.2a	St 6 KI 2	xiv
10	4	LE	5.2f		
11	4	LE	3.1c		
12	4	LE	6.1b		
13	4	LE	5.2e	6.1e	XV
14	4	LE	6.1c	6.2b	
15	4	LE	5.2c	5.2f	XV
16	4	PS	1.1a		
17	4	PS	1.1a	St 6 KI 2	
18	4	PS	2.1c	4.1d	
19	4	PS	3.1b		
20	4	PS	5.1c		XV
21	4	PS	3.1e	St 1 M3.1a	ii
22	4	PS	3.1e	5.2a; 5.1e; St 6 KI 2	
23	4	PS	3.2a	2.2a, 2.10, 5t 6 1H 2	
24	4	PS	4.1d		
25	4	PS	4.1g		XV
26	4	PS	5.1a	St 6 KI 2	AV
27	4	PS	5.1d	51 0 101 2	
28	4	PS	3.1c		
29	4	PS	5.1f	St 6 KI 2	
30	2	15	KI 3	St o IXI 2	
31	1		S3.4a	St 1 S3.2a; PS 3.1e	xvii
32	1		S3.4a S3.1	St 6 KI 5	xvii; ix
33	6		KI 5	St 1 S3.2a	XVII, IX
34	4	LE	S3.2a 5.3a	St 1 M1.1 St 1 S1	****
36	4	PS		St 1 S1 St 1 S3.2; St 6 KI 2	XV
37	4	LE	3.1f		X
	4		5.1b	3.1a; St 6 KI 2	
38	-	LE	3.1c	St 1 KI 1	
39	4	LE	5.2f	St 6 KI 2	
40		LE	7.1c	7.1a; St 7 KI 1	
41	4	PS	3.1g	St 6 KI 2	XV
42	4	LE	5.2b	St 6 KI 2	xix
43	4	PS	4.1a	St 6 KI 2	XV
44	4	PS	4.1c	4.1b; 4.1g; St 6 KI 2	
45	4	PS	4.1a	St 6 KI 2	

Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Performance Test, Form A Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

		Item			Reference to Elementary Science Core Curriculum				
Station	Item No.	Task	Credits	General Skills (p. 11)	MST Standard 1 (Mathematical Analysis, Scientific Inquiry, and Engineering Design) Key Idea/Performance Indicator	MST Standard 6 Interconnected/ Common Themes	MST Standard 4 The Physical Setting Key Idea/Performance Indicator		
	1a 1b	width height	1 1	ii vi vii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d		
1	2	volume	2	ii vi vii viii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d 3.2a		
(9 credits total)	3	water level up	1	xiii xv			3.1a 3.1c		
	4	mass of two jars	1	ii vi vii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d		
	5	mass of water, only	3	vii viii	M 1.1b M 1.1c		3.1c 3.1d		
	1	electricity data	2	xiii	M 3.1a S 3.1		3.1e 3.1f 4.1 a-e		
2	2	statement about electricity	3	XX	S 1.3 S 3.2a		3.1e 3.1f 4.1 a-e		
(9 credits total)	3	magnet data	2	xiii	M 3.1a S 3.1		5.1e 5.2a		
	4	explanation	2	xx	S 1.2 S 3.2a S 3.3a		5.1e 5.2a		
	1	collect data	2	xiii	M 1.1c M 3.1a S 2.3a S 2.3b		5.1a 5.1b 5.1c 5.1f		
3	2	predict where to release the ball	1	xiv xix	S 3.2	Key Idea 5	5.1		
(8 credits total)	3	explain response to No.2	1	xiv xix	M 2.1a M 2.1b S 3.2a	Key Idea 5	5.1		
	4	suggest a change to the setup	2	xxi	T 1.3c S 3.4		5.1		
	5	explain response to No.4	2	xix	M 2.1b S 3.4a	Key Idea 6	5.1		