Notice . . .
Scientific calculators must be available to all students taking this examination.

The last page of the booklet is the answer sheet. Fold the last page along the perforations and, slowly and carefully, tear off the answer sheet. Then fill in the heading of your answer sheet.

When you have completed the examination, you must sign the statement printed at the end of the answer paper, indicating that you had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that you have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination. Your answer paper cannot be accepted if you fail to sign this declaration.

DO NOT OPEN THIS EXAMINATION BOOKLET UNTIL THE SIGNAL IS GIVEN.
Part I

Answer 30 questions from this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. No partial credit will be allowed. Write your answers in the spaces provided on the separate answer sheet. Where applicable, answers may be left in terms of π or in radical form. [60]

1. If the operation \( \odot \) is defined as \( a \odot b = 2a - b^2 \), evaluate \( 3 \odot 2 \).

2. In the diagram below, \( \overrightarrow{AB} \) and \( \overrightarrow{CD} \) intersect at \( E \), \( m \angle AEC = 6x - 20 \), and \( m \angle BED = 4x + 10 \). Find the value of \( x \).

3. In isosceles triangle \( ABC \), \( \overline{CA} \equiv \overline{CB} \). If side \( \overline{CA} \) is extended through \( A \) to \( F \) and \( \overline{FB} \) is drawn, what is the longest side of \( \triangle FAB \)?

4. The ratio of two complementary angles is 7:2. What is the measure, in degrees, of the larger angle?

5. In the accompanying diagram of \( \triangle ABC \), \( \overrightarrow{DE} \parallel \overrightarrow{AB} \), \( DE = 8 \), \( CD = 12 \), and \( DA = 3 \). Find the length of \( AB \).

6. Solve for \( x \): \( \frac{x}{6} + \frac{2x}{3} = 5 \)

7. After a dilation with respect to the origin, the image of point \( A(3,4) \) is \( A'(9,12) \). What are the coordinates of the image of point \( B(2,7) \) after the same dilation?

8. In the accompanying diagram, \( \overrightarrow{AB} \) is parallel to \( \overrightarrow{CD} \); transversal \( \overrightarrow{KL} \) intersects \( \overrightarrow{AB} \) and \( \overrightarrow{CD} \) at \( E \) and \( F \), respectively; \( m \angle BEF = 3x + 40 \); and \( m \angle DFL = 8x - 10 \). Find \( m \angle CFL \).

9. Points \( R \), \( S \), and \( T \) are the midpoints of the sides of a triangle whose sides have lengths 14, 18, and 20. Find the perimeter of \( \triangle RST \).

10. Solve the following system of equations for the positive value of \( x \):

\[
\begin{align*}
y &= 5x + 14 \\
y &= x^2
\end{align*}
\]

11. In the accompanying diagram of right triangle \( ABC \), \( CD \) is the altitude to hypotenuse \( \overline{AB} \), \( CD = 6 \), and \( DB = 4 \). Find the length of \( AD \).
12 In which quadrant does the image of $A(3, -1)$ lie after the translation $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 4, y - 2)$?

**Directions (13–34):** For each question chosen, write on the separate answer sheet the numeral preceding the word or expression that best completes the statement or answers the question.

13 Given the true statements:

"If Peter is a rabbit, then Felix is a cat."

"Felix is not a cat."

Which statement must also be true?

(1) Felix is a cat.
(2) Felix is not a rabbit.
(3) Peter is a cat.
(4) Peter is not a rabbit.

14 Which statement is logically equivalent to $\sim(p \lor \sim r)$?

(1) $p \land \sim r$
(2) $\sim p \lor r$
(3) $\sim p \land r$
(4) $\sim p \lor \sim r$

15 The sum of $\frac{4}{5x}$ and $\frac{5}{4x}$ is equivalent to

(1) $x$
(2) $41x^2$
(3) $\frac{41}{9x}$
(4) $\frac{41}{20x}$

16 What are the coordinates of the image of point $(-2, 6)$ after a reflection in the $y$-axis?

(1) $(2, 6)$
(2) $(6, -2)$
(3) $(2, -6)$
(4) $(-2, -6)$

17 In isosceles trapezoid $ABCD$, $AD = BC$. What is $m \angle A + m \angle C$?

(1) $45$
(2) $90$
(3) $180$
(4) $360$

18 If the turning point of a parabola is $(4, -3)$ and the axis of symmetry is parallel to the $y$-axis, then the equation of the axis of symmetry is

(1) $x = -3$
(2) $y = -3$
(3) $x = 4$
(4) $y = 4$

19 In the accompanying diagram of $\triangle ABC$, which expression can be used to determine $m \angle A$?

(1) $\sin A = \frac{12}{13}$
(2) $\cos A = \frac{12}{5}$
(3) $\cos A = \frac{5}{13}$
(4) $\tan A = \frac{5}{12}$

20 What is the length of the line segment joining points $B(-7, 2)$ and $E(1, 8)$?

(1) $\sqrt{72}$
(2) $10$
(3) $12$
(4) $\sqrt{164}$

21 Which equation represents the locus of points equidistant from the lines whose equations are $y = 3x + 8$ and $y = 3x - 6$?

(1) $y = 3x - 1$
(2) $y = 3x + 1$
(3) $y = 3x - 4$
(4) $y = 3x + 4$

22 If the diagonals of a rhombus are 12 and 16, then a side of the rhombus will measure

(1) $10$
(2) $12$
(3) $16$
(4) $20$

23 How many committees of three students can be formed from a class of nine students?

(1) $gC_3$
(2) $gP_3$
(3) $\frac{g!}{3}$
(4) $(9 - 3)!$

24 What is the total number of different six-letter arrangements that can be formed from the letters in the word "POW WOW"?

(1) $720$
(2) $60$
(3) $20$
(4) $6$

25 If the lengths of two sides of a triangle are 2 and 5, the length of the third side could be

(1) $1$
(2) $2$
(3) $6$
(4) $7$
Answers to the following questions are to be written on paper provided by the school.

Part III

Answer one question from this part. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Calculations that may be obtained by mental arithmetic or the calculator do not need to be shown. [10]

41. Given: If Patty plays soccer, then Carl plays football.
   If Carl plays football and Dana plays field hockey, then Scott does not play golf.
   If Frank does not play volleyball, then Scott plays golf.
   Dana plays field hockey.
   Frank does not play volleyball.

   Let $P$ represent: “Patty plays soccer.”
   Let $C$ represent: “Carl plays football.”
   Let $S$ represent: “Scott plays golf.”
   Let $F$ represent: “Frank plays volleyball.”
   Let $D$ represent: “Dana plays field hockey.”

   Prove: Patty does not play soccer. [10]

42. Given: rhombus $RSTV$, $VTX$, $STW$, $SX$, $VW$, and $\angle RSX \equiv \angle RVW$.

   Prove: $TX \equiv TW$
Answers to the following questions are to be written on paper provided by the school.

Part II

Answer three questions from this part. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Calculations that may be obtained by mental arithmetic or the calculator do not need to be shown. [30]

36 Solve the following system of equations graphically and check:

\[(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 16\]  [8, 2]
\[x - y = 1\]

37  

a Find, to the nearest tenth, all values of \(x\) for which the expression is defined:

\[\frac{x - 3}{5} = \frac{2}{x + 2}\]  [5]

b A committee of five is to be chosen from 6 freshmen and 8 sophomores. What is the probability that the committee will include 2 freshmen and 3 sophomores?  [5]

38 The coordinates of the endpoints of line segment \(ME\) are \(M(-4,-1)\) and \(E(5,4)\).

a On graph paper, draw and label the graph of \(ME\).  [11]

b Segment \(ST\) is the image of \(ME\) after the transformation \((x,y) \rightarrow (x + 2, y - 6)\), where \(S\) is the image of \(M\), and \(T\) is the image of \(E\). On the same set of axes, draw and state the coordinates of the endpoints of the graph of \(ST\).  [3]

c Is quadrilateral \(METS\) a parallelogram? Justify your answer using coordinate geometry.  [1,5]

39 In the tables below, the elements \(S\), \(A\), \(L\), \(E\), and the operations \(*\) and \(#\) are defined.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>(S)</th>
<th>(A)</th>
<th>(L)</th>
<th>(E)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>(S)</td>
<td>(S)</td>
<td>(E)</td>
<td>(L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#</td>
<td>(S)</td>
<td>(A)</td>
<td>(L)</td>
<td>(E)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(a\) What is the inverse of \(L\) under \(#\)?  [2]

\(b\) Evaluate: \((A * L) # (E * S)\)  [2]

\(c\) Solve for \(x\): \((x # L) * L = A\)  [2]

\(d\) Find all values of \(x\) such that \(x * x = x # x\).  [4]

40 Trapezoid \(ABCD\) has coordinates \(A(0,9), B(12,9), C(8,4)\), and \(D(0,4)\).

a Using coordinate geometry, show that \(AD\) is not parallel to \(BC\).  [3]

b Find the area of trapezoid \(ABCD\).  [2]

c Find the perimeter of \(ABCD\) to the nearest integer.  [5]

d Find \(m\angle ABC\) to the nearest degree.  [2]

GO RIGHT ON TO THE NEXT PAGE. ➤

Math—Course II—June '99 [5] [OVER]
26 Points A(−1,3) and B(4,1) are endpoints of a diameter of a circle. The coordinates of the center of this circle are

(1) (3,4)  (2) (2,2)  (3) (1.5,2)  (4) (0,3.5)

27 A parallelogram must be a rectangle if its diagonals:
(1) are congruent
(2) bisect each other
(3) bisect the angles through which they pass
(4) are perpendicular to each other

28 In the diagram below of right triangle BAC, m∠A = 90, m∠B = 45, and AC = 8.

What is the length of BC?

(1) 8√3  (2) 8√2  (3) 4√2  (4) 16√2

29 What is the equation of the line that is perpendicular to the line y − 2x = 4 and passes through point (2,4)?

(1) y = ½x + 4  (2) y = −½x + 5  (3) y = ½x + 5  (4) y = −2x + 5

30 What is the slope of the line that passes through the points (−2,4) and (8,−1)?

(1) −½  (2) ½  (3) 2  (4) −2  1

31 Under which operation is the set of odd integers closed?

(1) addition  (2) subtraction  (3) multiplication  (4) division

32 The length of a diagonal of a square is 8. What is the area of the square?

(1) 8  (2) 16  (3) 24  (4) 32

33 Which fraction is expressed in simplest form?

(1) \( \frac{x-1}{x^2-1} \)  (2) \( \frac{x-1}{x^2-2x+1} \)  (3) \( \frac{x+1}{x^2-1} \)  (4) \( \frac{x+1}{x^2+1} \)

34 In regular pentagon ABCDE, the measure of an exterior angle at A is

(1) 36°  (2) 60°  (3) 72°  (4) 108°

Directions (35): Leave all construction lines on the answer sheet.

35 On the answer sheet, construct the bisector of angle C.
The University of the State of New York
REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

SEQUENTIAL MATH – COURSE II

Wednesday, June 23, 1999 — 1:15 to 4:15 p.m., only

ANSWER SHEET

Pupil ..........................................................  Sex: □ Male □ Female  Grade ...............  
Teacher ..........................................................  School ........................................

Your answers to Part I should be recorded on this answer sheet.

Part I

Answer 30 questions from this part.

1 ..................................  11  ..................................  21  ..................................  31  ..................................

2 ..................................  12  ..................................  22  ..................................  32  ..................................

3 ..................................  13  ..................................  23  ..................................  33  ..................................

4 ..................................  14  ..................................  24  ..................................  34  ..................................

5 ..................................  15  ..................................  25  ..................................  35  Answer question 35 on the other side of this sheet.

6 ..................................

7 ..................................

8 ..................................

9 ..................................

10 .................................
Your answers for Part II and Part III should be placed on paper provided by the school.

The declaration below should be signed when you have completed the examination.

I do hereby affirm, at the close of this examination, that I had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination, and that I have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination.

________________________________________
Signature

Math.-Course II-June '99