4ELA SLM-T



2018 English Language Arts Test Writing



Scoring Leader Materials

Training Set

Copyright Information

Excerpt from "Wheels of Change," by Darlene Beck Jacobson, 2015 Creston Books, LLC. Used by permission.

"How Birds Beat the Odds," by Charles C. Hofer from Ask; Vol. 14, No. 7, Sept 2015. Copyright © 2015, Cricket Media. Used by permission of Cricket Media via Copyright Clearance Center.

Excerpt from "Meerkat Chat" by Karen de Seve, from National Geographic Kids, May 2014. Copyright © National Geographic Society. Used by permission of National Geographic Society via Copyright Clearance Center.

2-Point Rubric—Short Response

Descrete Excelence
Response Features
The features of a 2-point response are
 Valid inferences and/or claims from the text where required by the prompt Evidence of analysis of the text where required by the prompt Relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, and/or other information from the text to develop response according to the requirements of the prompt Sufficient number of facts, definitions, concrete details, and/or other information from the text as required by the prompt Complete sentences where errors do not impact readability
The features of a 1-point response are
 A mostly literal recounting of events or details from the text as required by the prompt Some relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, and/or other information from the text to develop response according to the requirements of the prompt Incomplete sentences or bullets
 The features of a 0-point response are A response that does not address any of the requirements of the prompt or is totally inaccurate A response that is not written in English A response that is unintelligible or indecipherable

• If the prompt requires two texts and the student only references one text, the response can be scored no higher than a 1.

* Condition Code A is applied whenever a student who is present for a test session leaves an entire constructed-response question in that session completely blank (no response attempted).

New York State Grades 4–5 Writing Evaluation Rubric

				SCORE		
CRITERIA	CCLS	4 Essays at this level:	3 Essays at this level:	2 Essays at this level:	1 Essays at this level:	0* Essays at this level:
CONTENT AND ANALYSIS: the extent to which the essay conveys ideas and information clearly and accurately in order to support analysis of topics or text	W.2 R.1–9	 —clearly introduce a topic in a manner that follows logically from the task and purpose 	—clearly introduce a topic in a manner that follows from the task and purpose	 —introduce a topic in a manner that follows generally from the task and purpose 	 —introduce a topic in a manner that does not logically follow from the task and purpose 	 —demonstrate a lack of comprehension of the text(s) or task
	N.1-9	 demonstrate insightful comprehension and analysis of the text(s) 	 demonstrate grade- appropriate comprehension and analysis of the text(s) 	 demonstrate a literal comprehension of the text(s) 	 demonstrate little understanding of the text(s) 	
COMMAND OF EVIDENCE: the extent to which the essay presents evidence from the provided text to support analysis and reflection	W.2 R.1–8	—develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples from the text(s)	—develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, details, quotations, or other information and examples from the text(s)	—partially develop the topic of the essay with the use of some textual evidence, some of which may be irrelevant	 —demonstrate an attempt to use evidence, but only develop ideas with minimal, occasional evidence which is generally invalid or irrelevant 	 provide no evidence or provide evidence that is completely irrelevant
		—sustain the use of varied, relevant evidence	—sustain the use of relevant evidence, with some lack of variety	 —use relevant evidence with inconsistency 		
COHERENCE, ORGANIZATION, AND STYLE: the extent to which the essay logically organizes complex ideas,		 —exhibit clear, purposeful organization 	 —exhibit clear organization 	 —exhibit some attempt at organization 	 —exhibit little attempt at organization, or attempts to organize are irrelevant to the task 	 —exhibit no evidence of organization
concepts, and information using formal style and precise language	W.2	—skillfully link ideas using grade-appropriate words and phrases	 —link ideas using grade- appropriate words and phrases 	 —inconsistently link ideas using words and phrases 	 —lack the use of linking words and phrases 	 —exhibit no use of linking words and phrases
	L.3 L.6	 —use grade-appropriate, stylistically sophisticated language and domain- specific vocabulary 	 use grade-appropriate precise language and domain-specific vocabulary 	 inconsistently use appropriate language and domain-specific vocabulary 	 —use language that is imprecise or inappropriate for the text(s) and task 	 use language that is predominantly incoherent or copied directly from the text(s)
		 provide a concluding statement that follows clearly from the topic and information presented 	 provide a concluding statement that follows from the topic and information presented 	 provide a concluding statement that follows generally from the topic and information presented 	 provide a concluding statement that is illogical or unrelated to the topic and information presented 	—do not provide a concluding statement
CONTROL OF CONVENTIONS: the extent to which the essay demonstrates command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	W.2 L.1 L.2	 demonstrate grade- appropriate command of conventions, with few errors 	-demonstrate grade- appropriate command of conventions, with occasional errors that do not hinder comprehension	 —demonstrate emerging command of conventions, with some errors that may hinder comprehension 	 demonstrate a lack of command of conventions, with frequent errors that hinder comprehension 	—are minimal, making assessment of conventions unreliable

• If the prompt requires two texts and the student only references one text, the response can be scored no higher than a 2.

• If the student writes only a personal response and makes no reference to the text(s), the response can be scored no higher than a 1.

• Responses totally unrelated to the topic, illegible, or incoherent should be given a 0.

• A response totally copied from the text(s) with no original student writing should be scored a 0.

* Condition Code A is applied whenever a student who is present for a test session leaves an entire constructed-response question in that session completely blank (no response attempted).

Emily lives in Washington, D.C., in 1908. This afternoon she has been invited by her friends to see her first motion picture. In 1908, motion pictures were silent, so piano music was played in the theater to help the audience understand what was happening on the screen.

Excerpt from Wheels of Change

by Darlene Beck Jacobson

- 1 We're bundled under wool blankets to keep most of the chill off. With a jug of hot chocolate and a sack of Mrs. Cook's sugar cookies, I hardly feel the cold.
- 2 Charlie does most of the talking, telling us about the things we'll see. He's been a couple times already, and since Rose and I are first timers, we nod our heads, nibble cookies, and listen. Charlie's excitement captures us like lightning bugs until we're glowing and buzzing with anticipation. Before I know it, we pull up in front of a store on Seventh Street. A huge sign in the window says: SEE THE WONDERS OF THE WORLD. HAVE SOME LAUGHS. ENJOY THE FINEST SONG AND DANCE ACTS AND MUCH MORE FOR ONLY 5 CENTS.
- 3 "Are we really going to see singing, dancing, and action all at once?" I ask. It's hard to imagine so many exciting things at the same time.
- 4 "Just wait until you see!" Charlie crows.
- 5 Mr. Cook ties up the horse and helps us all out of the wagon. "Bring the hot chocolate and cookies," he says.
- 6 "We can eat and drink while we watch the show," Charlie explains.
- 7 To say it is unlike anything I've ever seen only tells part of the story.
- 8 We enter a room nearly the size of the carriage barn. There are some benches up front, but they're taken. We sit in some straight-back chairs half-way down the room. No sooner do we sit than the lights dim, and a spotlight shines on the white wall in front of us. An enormous photograph fills up the light on the wall and starts to move.

- 9 It moves faster.
- 10 When a train moves past open fields, mountains, and lakes, I gasp. I can almost feel the wind on my face as the train rushes by. There are comedy skits with famous folks from vaudeville telling jokes, slipping on banana skins, and singing funny songs. I watch dance pictures, and one about the American Revolution with people dressed in costumes.

vaudeville = a type of entertainment that was popular in the United States at the time of this story

- I'm dizzy, wide-eyed and breathless, watching it all. When I think it can't be any more exciting, a piano player begins music that starts out slow and easy. Once the action on the wall speeds up, the music does too, so I have the feeling I'm right in the middle of the fight between the cowboys and Indians. Then I'm chasing bank robbers down a city street. It's as if it's happening right now before us. Stories are told with signs spelling out what's happening, and, through it all, the piano music fills the room.
- 12 The sights make me want to jump from my seat, but the piano music makes me want to dance, soar, and fly. It's almost as good as being in the forge.
- 13 Almost—but not quite.
- 14 Still, I can't take my eyes off the piano player. In the dark it's hard to see what he looks like. His music makes the crowd laugh, cry, shout, and swoon, at just the right moments.
- 15 When it's over and the lights come back on, the piano player faces the crowd and takes a bow.
- 16 My mouth falls open and I can't stop staring at what I see.
- 17 A woman.
- 18 "Well, what do you think?" Charlie asks.
- 19 "I loved the song and dance parts," Rose says, smiling.

- 20 "Did you see the woman playing the piano? I didn't know girls could have such a job." I'm so excited I feel like it's my birthday and Mama made my favorite applesauce spice cake.
- 21 "It was a lady?" Charlie scratches his head.
- 22 Rose, Mr. Cook, and I all laugh at his confused expression.
- 23 "How could you not know that?" I say.
- 24 Charlie shrugs. "I was so caught up in the action, I didn't pay attention to anything else."
- 25 "She made the action," I say as we gather our coats and empty cups and head for the exit.
- 26 "You're crazy," says Charlie.
- 27 "What do you mean?" asks Rose.
- 28 "Do you think it would have been anywhere near as exciting to watch with no sound?" I say.
- 29 They all look at me, and Mr. Cook laughs and says, "By golly, Emily, that's something I never considered. The moving pictures were entertaining, but that piano told you when there was danger, or tragedy, or just plain fun."
- 30 "Exactly," I say.

EXEMPLARY RESPONSE

25 Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Possible Exemplary Response:

Emily says that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" because they are excited to go to the motion picture. They have never been to one before, and Charlie tells them all about it. In paragraph 2, Emily states, "Charlie does most of the talking, telling us about the things we'll see. He's been a couple times already, and since Rose and I are first timers, we nod our heads, nibble cookies, and listen." Listening to Charlie and his enthusiasm "captures us like lightning bugs."

Possible Details to Include:

• Other relevant text-based details

Score Points:

Apply 2-point holistic rubric.

Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Emily says this because her friends are exsited about going to see the motion pictues. It was their first one so they probally glowing and buzzing with inticipation. In the text it says,"Are we really going to see singing, danceing and action all at once?" In the text it also says,"Just wait until you see!

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why Emily says that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*because her friends are exsited about going to see the motion pictues.*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("*Are we really going to see singing, danceing and action all at once?*" and "*Just wait until you see!*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why Emily says that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*because of Charlie's excitement*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("*Charlie's excitement catches us like bugs.*" and "*It's hard to imagine so many exciting things.*"). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

GUIDE PAPER 3

25

Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why Emily says that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*she excited to see the Play*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*'Just wait untill you see'* and *''charile's excitement capture us''*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Emily says that she and her friends are glowing and buzzing with anticipation because they are hyped up and excited for th motion picture. First is that it says in paragraph 3 that "It's hard to imagine so manyexciting things at the same time". Next is that it says in paragraph 12 that " The sights make me want to jump from my seat, but the piano music makes me want to dance, soar, and fly". This shows that she is ready for the excitement.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why Emily says that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*because they are hyped up and excited for th motion picture*); however, the response only provides one concrete detail from the text for support ("It's hard to imagine so manyexciting things at the same time"). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

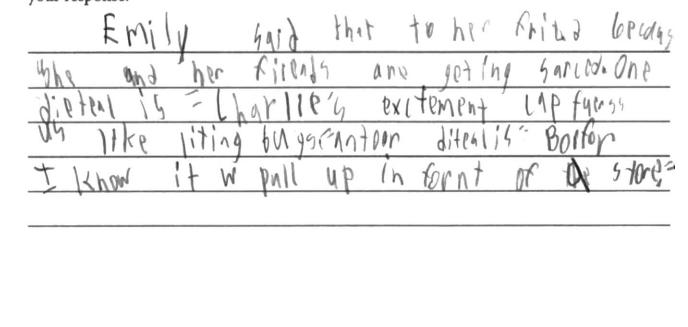
Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

She says that because fireflies (AKA Lightning Bugs) in real life buzz and glow when there is danger or something exciting going on. And ther WAS something exciting going on. Also it was their first time. That is why she says that her and her friends were "buzzing and glowing with anticipation."

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why Emily says that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" [*because fireflies* (*AKA Lightning Bugs*) in real life buzz and glow when there is danger or something exciting going on. And ther WAS something exciting going on. Also it was their first time]; however, the response does not provide two concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt. This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use two details from the story to support your response.



Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response only provides one concrete detail from the text for support ("*Charlie's exctement captuerss us like liting bugs.*"). The response does not provide a valid inference from the text to explain why Emily says that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change.*" This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

and her Smilv 10 a Chaill. 15 SEC. ICC Ne Will sa US lellino the+

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt, and is inaccurate (*Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with andicipation"*. *Emily and her friends say that because they saw a bug that glows and it was buzzing one deatil is that "Before I know it, we pull in front for a store on seventh street. another deatil is that "Chaile does a lot of talking about us telling what we will see. I can infer that they had a nice time*).

Why does Emily say that she and her friends are "glowing and buzzing with anticipation" in paragraph 2 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

She sed that because they are having a good day and they love watch live dance.

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt, and is inaccurate (*She sed that because they are having a good day and they love watch live dance*).

EXEMPLARY RESPONSE

	What theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from Wheels of
(Change"? Use two details from the story to support your response.
-	
_	
-	
-	
-	

Possible Exemplary Response:

Paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" support the theme that things aren't always as they seem. In paragraph 14, Emily is curious about and amazed by the piano player and assumes that the piano player is a man: "I can't take my eyes off the piano player. In the dark it's hard to see what he looks like." In paragraphs 16 and 17, Emily is shocked and astonished when she sees that the piano player is actually a woman: "My mouth falls open and I can't stop staring at what I see. A woman."

Possible Details to Include:

• Other relevant text-based details

Score Points:

Apply 2-point holistic rubric.

What theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

The theme supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 is that the things people do can haved big impact on people. For example, in the text it states, "the piano music makes me wont to dance, soar, and fly." This shows that the person making the piano music has a big impact on Emily ("me"r). To add on, the text states, "His music makes the crowd laugh, crg, shout, and swoon". This makes it clear that the person making the music has a great impact on the people.

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain what theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*the things people do can have a big impact on people*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*"the piano music makes me want to dance, soar, and fly."* and *"His music makes the crowd laugh, cry, shout, and swoon"*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

What theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

The theme supported by paragraphs 12 to 17 is that music can do many things to you. For instance, in paragraph 12 it says: "but the piano music makes me want to dance, soar, and fly." This is important because it shows that the music made him want to dance, soar, and fly. The text also says: "His music makes the crowd laugh, cry, shout, and swoon, at just the right moments."

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain what theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*music can do many things to you*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("*but the piano music makes me want to dance, soar, and fly.*" and "*His music makes the crowd laugh, cry, shout, and swoon, at just the right moments.*"). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

26

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain what theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*music is good to hear*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*Emily likes the music so much, it make her want to dance, soar, and fly* and *the music makes the crowd laugh, cry, shout and swoon, at just the right moments*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

The theme of paragraphs 12 through 17 is that anybody can be good at something without it depending on gender. The sentence that supports my answer is In paragraphs 16 - 17 it says My mouth falls open i cant stop staring at what i see a woman.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain what theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*anybody can be good at something without it depending on gender*); however, the response only provides one concrete detail from the text for support (*My mouth falls open i cant stop staring at what i see a woman*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

26

that is supporte 20 5 £1 $i \subset$) Ø reasons Cer 50 is more tion.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain what theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*music is more powfull then action*); however, the response does not provide two concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt. This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

lisening to someone play a piano it was a girl playing the piano

26

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response only provides one relevant detail from the text for support (*it was a girl playing the piano*). The response does not provide a valid inference from the text to explain what theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*." This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

What theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

the theme sopported by paragraph 12 through 17 is when a women was playing piano. this girl named emily lives in washington D.C, in 1908. she has been invited by her friends to see her first motion picture. In 1908

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*the theme sopported by paragraph 12 through 17 is when a women was playing piano. this girl named emily lives in washington D.C, in 1908. she has been invited by her friends to see her first motion picture. In 1908*).

What theme is supported by paragraphs 12 through 17 of "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

200 لے 52 \sim mi he 0 Pcc1 C 14 Ice t

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*that rose is excited to see the people play and the music was her faverite because she would know everything because of the music and how she will hear it and she would know what's going on without even looking on stage*).

EXEMPLARY RESPONSE

27	How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from <i>Wheels of Change</i> "? Use two details from the story to support your response.

Possible Exemplary Response:

Rose is affected in a bigger way than Charlie by the piano music. Charlie says he is "so caught up in the action" that he "didn't pay attention" to the music. For Rose, the music was much more important to the motion picture experience. She "loved the song and dance parts" that matched the pictures with the music and made both more enjoyable.

Possible Details to Include:

• Other relevant text-based details

Score Points:

Apply 2-point holistic rubric.

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from Wheels of Change"? Use two details from the story to support your response.

reactions to the and Charlie's Pigno . Ri rent was oving the ar hecu love Paying wasoy attention Can infer that he action Different. Rose's reactions were

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music are different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*Rose was loving the Piano while Charlie didn't care because he was into the action*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*Rose said she loved the song and dance Parts* and *Charlie said he wasn't paying attention to the music just the action*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

There reactions are different because Rose likes the music and Charlie likes the action. I know this because Rose says she likes the song and dance parts. Another reason is charlie saidhe was so caught up with the action

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music are different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*Rose likes the music and Charlie likes the action*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*Rose says she likes the song and dance parts* and *charlie saidhe was so caught up with the action*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from Wheels of Change"? Use two details from the story to support your response.

C Idh 4 10

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music are different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*Rose notices the piano but Charlie does'nt*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("*I was so caught up in the action.*" *Charlie said* and "*I love the song*" *Rose said*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Rose's and Charlie's reactions are differnt because Rose was listaning to the music and Charlie was not. I know this beacause the text says "Charlie shrugs. "I was so caught up in the action, I didn't pay any attention to anything else." shows me he did not care about the music. Rose says "She made the action" like there was a list but that sentince shows me she was paying attention to the piano player. Thats howI know their reactions where differnt.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music are different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*Rose was listaning to the music and Charlie was not*); however, the response only provides one concrete detail from the text for support ("I was so caught up in the action, I didn't pay any attention to anything else." shows me he did not care about the music). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Charlie was caught up in the action and Rose was caught up in the piano.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music are different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*" (*Charlie was caught up in the action and Rose was caught up in the piano*); however, the response does not provide two concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt. This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from Wheels of Change"? Use two details from the story to support your response.

1-45 50 paction ayennen hutlip as Piano. he the tions

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response only provides one concrete detail from the text for support (*Charlie was not looking at the piano, he just liked the actions*). The response does not provide a valid inference from the text to explain how Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music are different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*." This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from *Wheels of Change*"? Use **two** details from the story to support your response.

Rose and charlies reactions are diffrent becuase Rose new it was a women playing the piano and charlie did not now it was a women.

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*Rose and charlies reactions are diffrent becuase Rose new it was a women playing the piano and charlie did not know it was a women*).

How are Rose's and Charlie's reactions to the piano music different in "Excerpt from Wheels of Change"? Use two details from the story to support your response.

and darlie 1.Kes m Sol ne $C \Pi I$ N e OLL M

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response is totally inaccurate (*Rose likes it with no sound and charlie likes it with music.In the text it said* "Do you think it would be anywhere near exciting with no sound. Another reason is "Are you crazy charlie says." I can infer they have different opinions).

How Birds Beat the Odds

by Charles C. Hofer

1 Raising a nest of young birds is a lot of work. Parent birds have to keep their eggs safe from predators, shelter the chicks from weather, and find enough food for all those hungry mouths. Different kinds of birds do these things in different ways. But they all face the same challenge: making sure that there's a next generation of birds.

The More, the Merrier

- 2 The Gambel's quail lives in the deserts of the American Southwest. These ground-dwelling birds usually lay 10 to 12 eggs at a time in a shallow nest. That's a lot of tiny mouths to feed.
- Gambel's quail chicks don't need much attention. Just hours after hatching, they're up and running. And they'd better be quick! These birds are a favorite prey of desert hunters like bobcats, snakes, and hawks. This means that only a few chicks will survive to be adults. By laying lots of eggs, adult quails increase the chances that at least some of their young will grow up to lay eggs themselves.

Try, Try Again

- 4 American robins are common backyard birds. They also lay many eggs—but not all at once. Instead, robins raise two to four batches of eggs over the summer.
- 5 Robins build cup-shaped nests that hungry predators like snakes or raccoons can easily raid. Building several nests in a season instead of just once makes it more likely that at least one clutch will survive to become adult robins.

Spiny Hideaway

6 Many birds try to improve their eggs' chances by hiding their nests. The Gila woodpecker has found a great hiding place—inside the giant saguaro cactus. This woodpecker drills a hole in the cactus, where she lays about six eggs. Not many egg-stealers are willing to risk being stuck by the sharp spines.

EXEMPLARY RESPONSE

Possible Exemplary Response:

It is important for the Gambel's quail to lay so many eggs to guarantee there is a next generation of Gambel's quail. The text states, "By laying lots of eggs, adult quails increase the chances that at least some of their young will grow up." These birds have a lot of predators, and the babies are easy prey. Laying more eggs is beneficial because "only a few chicks will survive to be adults."

Possible Details to Include:

• Other relevant text-based details

Score Points:

Apply 2-point holistic rubric.

According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

In the article "how birds beat the oods" the gambel's quil lay so many eggs so that the predetors dont kill every single baby. In the article it states "by laying lots of eggs, adult quails increase the chances that at least some of their young will grow up to lay eggs themselves.". In the article it also states that in the article "this means that only only a few chicks will survive.". that is why I think gambel's quail lay so many eggs.

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why the Gambel's quail lays so many eggs according to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds" (so that the predetors dont kill every single baby). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("by laying lots of eggs, adult quails increase the chances that at least some of their young will grow up to lay eggs themselves." and "this means that only only a few chicks will survive."). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

The Gambel's quill lays so many eggs because it will increase the chance of the birds surviving to have another generation of chicks. I think this because in the text it says "These birds are a favorite prey of desert hunters" and "By laying lots of eggs, adult quails increace the chance that at least some of their young will grow up to lay eggs themselves".

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why the Gambel's quail lays so many eggs according to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*because it will increase the chance of the birds surviving to have another generation of chicks*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*"These birds are a favorite prey of desert hunters"* and *"By laying lots of eggs, adult quails increace the chance that at least some of their young will grow up to lay eggs themselves"*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

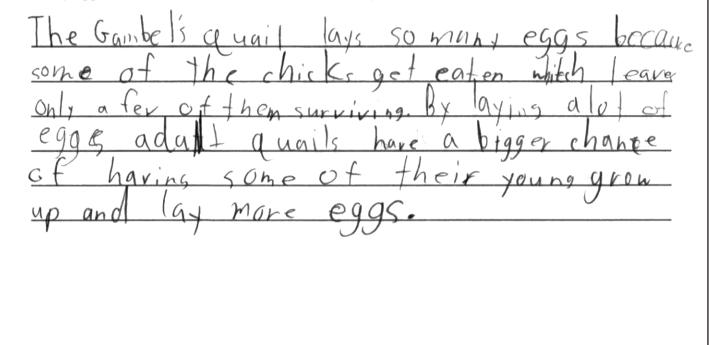
According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use two details from the article to support your response. The Gambel's Quail lay S Mary CJJS. This is because there is a higher chance of the birds to become adults. Also those birds are favorite snacks to predators. So they have to lay more cys becau it gives them a higher chance to become adults and lay the OWN eggs.

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why the Gambel's quail lays so many eggs according to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*because there is a higher chance of the birds to become adults*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*those birds are favorite snacks to predators* and *it gives them a higher chance to become adults and lay thei own eggs*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

28



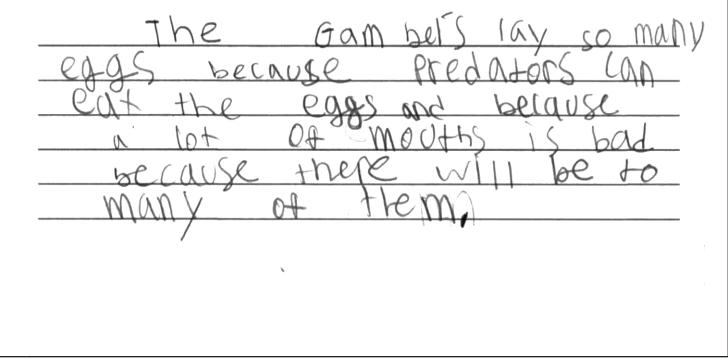
Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why the Gambel's quail lays so many eggs according to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*because some of the chicks get eaten whitch leaves only a few of them surviving*); however, the response only provides one concrete detail from the text for support (*By laying a lot of eggs adult quails have a bigger chance of having some of their young grow up and lay more eggs*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Page 38

According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

28



Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why the Gambel's quail lays so many eggs according to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*because Predators can eat the eggs*); however, the response does not provide two concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt. This response includes a complete sentence where errors do not impact readability.

According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

The Gambel quail lays so many eggs because there not alot of them. Also they will not all survive because they're favorite prey in the deserts is hunters, And cats, and other birds, and snakes.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response only provides one concrete detail from the text for support (*they will not all survive because they're favorite prey in the deserts is hunters, And cats, and other birds, and snakes*). The response does not provide a valid inference from the text to explain why the Gambel's quail lays so many eggs according to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds." This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

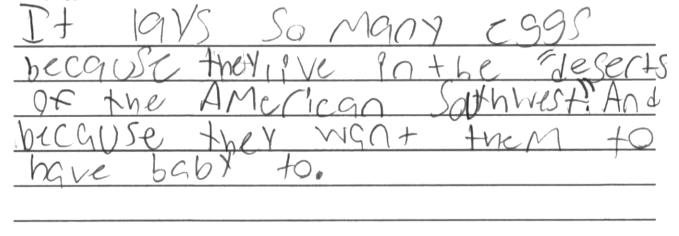
They lay alot of eggs because a few hours after they hatch they are on there own.

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*They lay alot of eggs because a few hours after they hatch they are on there own*).

According to the article "How Birds Beat the Odds," why does the Gambel's quail lay so many eggs? Use two details from the article to support your response.

28



Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*It lays so many eggs because they live in the "deserts of the American Southwest." And because they want them to have baby to*).

EXEMPLARY RESPONSE

²⁹ In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

Possible Exemplary Response:

The heading "Try, Try Again," relates to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5 because these paragraphs are about how American robins have to make many different attempts in order to increase their chances of successfully hatching babies. Robins lay "two to four batches of eggs over the summer" and they build "several nests in a season" to make it as likely as possible that "at least one clutch will survive to become adult robins."

Possible Details to Include:

• Other relevant text-based details

Score Points:

Apply 2-point holistic rubric.

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use two details from the article to support your response.

29

Birds Beat the Odds?" the heading HOW as For example cup-sha I also ple nest so it wi re This makes me hards Birds have to work

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how the heading "Try, Try Again" relates to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5 in "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*the heading "Try, Try Again is related to the eggs*). The response includes evidence of analysis and provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*Robins build cup-shaped nest which makes it easy for predatons to riad* and *Robins build multiple nest so it will be more likley for one clutch to survive. This makes me think of how hards Birds have to work*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

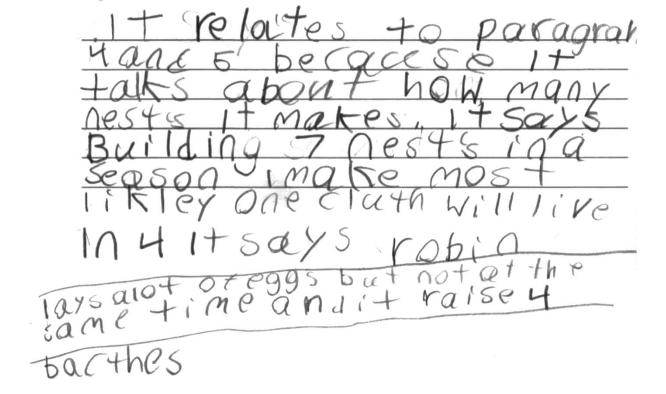
The heading relates to information in paragraphs 4 and 5 because it shows that robins try to get at least one cluch of their eggs to survive predators. For instance," Robins build cup-shaped nests that hungry predators can easily raid." Also," Building several nests in a season instead of just one makes it more likely that at least one cluch will survive to become adult robins."

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how the heading "Try, Try Again" relates to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5 in "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*it shows that robins try to get at least one cluch of their eggs to survive predators*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("*Robins build cup-shaped nests that hungry predators can easily raid*." and "*Building several nests in a season instead of just one makes it more likely that at least one cluch will survive to become adult robins*."). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

29



Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how the heading "Try, Try Again" relates to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5 in "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*it talks about how many nest's it makes*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*Building 7 nest's in a season , make most likley one cluth will live* and *robin lays alot of eggs but not at the same time and it raise 4 bacthes*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

The heading "Try, Try Again relates because the parent robins can keep on trying to keep the offspring safe. Another detail is that the robins build cup shaped nests and keep trying to make it better because snskes and racoons can easily raid

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain how the heading "Try, Try Again" relates to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5 in "How Birds Beat the Odds" (*because the parent robins can keep on trying to keep the offspring safe*); however, the response provides only provides one concrete detail from the text for support (*robins build cup shaped nests and keep trying to make it better because snskes and racoons can easily raid*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

29

Padina aain Driv DY n 2 ra 1 a ver 18 St a adult 95 robins.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*the adult robin builds several nests* and *by building several nests in a season some eggs will grow up to be adult robins*); however, the response does not provide a valid inference from the text to explain how the heading "Try, Try Again" relates to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5 in "*How Birds Beat the Odds*." This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

29

relates to parygraph TRY, TRY DOOIN 1na mercains Robins to backyterd birds, one rain robins are common backward birds alking abo (Chink nests and their 4111 menains Robins,

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response only provides one relevant detail from the text for support (*it is talking about Amercains Robins that building their nests and more*). The response does not provide a valid inference from the text to explain how the heading "Try, Try Again" relates to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5 in "*How Birds Beat the Odds.*" This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

Try try Again relate to the story title because its almost like there teaching the birds how to survie in the wild so when the become big they can and also they want the birds to try and try again tobe able to fly to.

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*Try try Again relate to the story title because its almost like there teaching the birds how to survie in the wild so when the become big they can and also they want the birds to try and try again tobe able to fly to*).

In "How Birds Beat the Odds," how does the heading "Try, Try Again" relate to the information in paragraphs 4 and 5? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

because the birds building nest

29

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (because the birds building nest).

Meerkat Chat

by Karen de Seve

- 1 The afternoon sun bakes the hot desert sand. It's too hot to hunt—or even move. In the shade of a tree is a pile of brown fur, skinny tails, and tiny feet. A mob of 20 meerkats naps, waiting for the temperature to cool down so they can return to foraging for food.
- 2 No one notices that one curious youngster is more interested in exploring than sleeping. He scurries through the tall grass toward the edge of the family's four-square-mile home base. Then he stops, stands up on his hind legs, and looks around. Something is watching him.
- A nearby goshawk eyes the meerkat and launches into flight. It can easily swoop down and nab the furry pup in its orange claws. The meerkat sounds the alarm. He squeals "danger, danger" into the air. The urgent call alerts his family, which runs to his rescue. The goshawk flies away, realizing that it can't win against a big group.
- As meerkats know, danger lurks everywhere in the Kalahari Desert of South Africa. Strength in numbers is a survival skill for these burrowing animals. Another key to survival—out in the world or within the family—is communication. Meerkats have a collection of chirps, squeaks, and growls that mean different things.
- ⁵ "Meerkats have more than 30 different calls or vocalizations. These are different things they want to say," says Simon Townsend, a researcher at the Kalahari Meerkat Project in South Africa. The organization's scientists have spent years studying wild meerkat mobs. They're cracking the communication code to figure out what meerkats are saying—and how much they understand.

Making the Call

6 Lookouts in a meerkat mob constantly scan the surroundings for danger. Up on hind legs, head in the air, looking, listening. Maybe it will be a bird in the sky or a snake in the grass. Maybe a wild cat is stalking from the bushes.

- 7 Suddenly a shadow moves across the grass. A lookout gives a high-pitched call and everyone runs for the burrow. From the safety of the entrance, they all look at the sky to see the incoming threat. An eagle flies over the tunnels that the meerkat family calls home. But the eagle is a mile away and not interested in meerkats today.
- 8 To figure out if that alarm call had a specific meaning, researchers watch what the lookout saw and how the mob responds to his alarm. They also record the call with a microphone. The team has been collecting different calls to see what they mean. "We know a certain call is always made when they see something dangerous in the air or on the ground," Townsend says. "One call might mean, 'Look, danger on the ground.' Another might mean, 'Look, danger in the air.'"

EXEMPLARY RESPONSE

	ort your response.	

Possible Exemplary Response:

Communication is important to meerkats because it helps them survive. They use communication to warn each other of danger. If an eagle is flying overhead, a lookout will give a high-pitched call to warn the others that there is danger in the air. Meerkats have different types of calls that warn the others of danger and might tell where the danger is coming from. For example, a scientist from the research team explains that there are different calls for danger in the air and danger on the ground.

Possible Details to Include:

• Other relevant text-based details

Score Points:

Apply 2-point holistic rubric.

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use two details from the article to support your response.

ammunica Mee Impor conclusio meerk

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why communication is important to meerkats based on the article "Meerkat Chat" (*because it lets the rest of the family or group know that danger is near*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt (*one meerkat called a lookout squeaks that danger is lurking close by and everyone runs to the safety of their burrow* and *when a youngster is exploring and sees danger he sqeaks a danger call and his family runs to come help him*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

Communication is important to meerkats because if danger is coming or if someone is in danger it will keep them alive. One way I know this is because in the article it says'' A lookout gives a high pitched call and everyone runs for the burrows''. Another way I know this is because in the article it says '' Another key to survivle out in the world or within the family is communication'' so communication is very important to them because it keeps them alive.

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why communication is important to meerkats based on the article "Meerkat Chat" (*because if danger is coming or if someone is in danger it will keep them alive*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("*A lookout gives a high pitched call and everyone runs for the burrows*" and "*Another key to survivle out in the world or within the family is communication*"). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

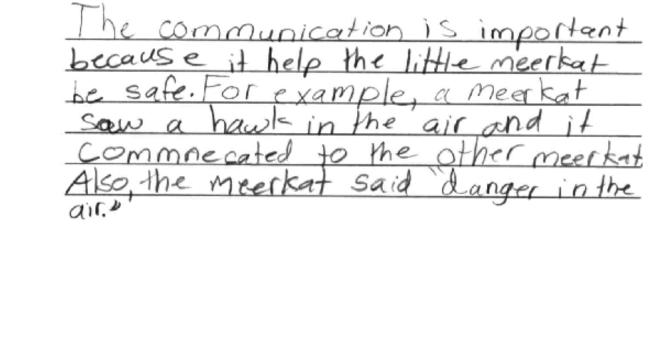
30

i'm vortant omunicotion ells n06 COUS exar Saus 90 M 64 SWOPP CAN POC LOW **ar**ange a (01) 90 Who m01 AhL a ... Ano Ther -XPIMP 12.49 Calls saying Jong-1 toht (0)

Score Point 2 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why communication is important to meerkats based on the article "Meerkat Chat" (*becaus it tells the mob if there danger*). The response provides a sufficient number of concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt ("*A near by gosthawk can easily swop down and habs the furry pup in its orange claws but it lets a call saying danger, dange witch wakes a whole mob and the hawk runs away and finding out that these calls are mostly ways of saying there danger*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.



Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why communication is important to meerkats based on the article "Meerkat Chat" (*because it help the little meerkat be safe*); however, the response provides only provides one concrete detail from the text for support (*a meerkat saw a hawk in the air and it commecated to the other meerkat* [...] *the meerkat said "danger in the air."*). This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

Communication is so important to the Meerkats because it keeps them away from danger or safe. They also use communication to call home.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides a valid inference from the text to explain why communication is important to meerkats based on the article "Meerkat Chat" (*because it keeps them away from danger or safe*); however, the response does not provide two concrete details from the text for support as required by the prompt. This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

aAs meerkats know, danger lurks everywhere in the kalahari desert of south africa. Meer kats have more than 30 different calls or vocalizations. these are different things they want to say", says simon townsend a researcher at the kalahari meerkat project in south africa.

Score Point 1 (out of 2 points)

This response provides some concrete details from the text for support (*danger lurks everywhere in the kalahari desert of south africa* and *Meer kats have more than 30 different calls or vocalizations. these are different things they want to say''*); however, the response does not provide a valid inference from the text to explain why communication is important to meerkats based on the article "Meerkat Chat." This response includes complete sentences where errors do not impact readability.

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

The communication important to meerkats because if you do not communication with someome no one will know what you are saying.

30

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*The communication important to meerkats because if you do not communication with someome no one will know what you are saying*).

Based on the article "Meerkat Chat," why is communication important to meerkats? Use **two** details from the article to support your response.

communication is importanto Maankuts
because it is there have And they don't want
to Love it. It also importan to meericat
because there is a lot of food there they cyn
Live the they can hant over there they
Lun do alotor stuff there.

Score Point 0 (out of 2 points)

This response does not address any of the requirements of the prompt (*Communication is importun to meerkuts because it is there home And they dont want to Leve it. It also importan to meerkat because there is a lot of food there they can Live the they can hunt overe there they can do alot of stuff there).*

EXEMPLARY RESPONSE

In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat," what is one problem that birds and meerkats share? How do birds and meerkats try to solve this problem? Use details from **both** articles to support your response.

In your response, be sure to

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- · explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

31

Possible Exemplary Response:

In "Meerkat Chat" and "How Birds Beat the Odds," one problem meerkats and birds share is survival. Both creatures experience threats from predators like hawks, raccoons, snakes, and cats making survival a constant struggle. Meerkats try to solve the problem of surviving by using communication. When a threat is spotted, they use different sounds to alert other meerkats in their mob where the threat is located. Birds also use strategies to avoid predators. Robins, for example, lay many eggs in several nests at different times during the summer in the hopes that at least one clutch will survive. Quail chicks are born able to run from predators, but the adult still has to lay 10-12 eggs at a time because they "are a favorite prey of desert hunters." Paragraph 3 states "only a few chicks will survive to be adults" and laying more eggs will "increase the chances that at least some of their young will grow up to lay eggs themselves." Yet another bird, the Gila woodpecker, builds its nest in places most predators don't want to go: inside the saguaro cactus which has sharp spines. To conclude, birds and meerkats both have to protect their families from predators, but they use different methods to keep their babies safe.

Possible Details to Include:

• Other relevant text-based details

Score Points:

Apply 4-point holistic rubric.

GUIDE PAPER 1a

In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat," what is one problem that birds and meerkats share? How do birds and meerkats try to solve this problem? Use details from **both** articles to support your response.

In your response, be sure to

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

In both 'How Birs Beat the Odds' and 'Meerkat Chat' the articles talk about dangers meerkats and birds face.

In 'How Birds Beat the Odds' the birds need to make sure that their young grow up and lay more eggs to continue a life cycle. The birds make sure that this happens by protecting their young in different ways. One example of a bird protecting its babies is the woodpecker. The Gila woodpecker pecks a hole in a giant saguaro cactus where she lays her eggs. This protects the babies because the predators don't want to risk being pricked. Another example is the robin. American robins make 2 to 4 nests in which they lay several eggs. predators like snakes or other animals can easily reach the nests, but since the robin built more that one nest in the season, it's more likely that at least one nest will survive.

In 'Meerkat Chat,' the same problem happens: The meerkats have to survive. They do this by calling on more meerkats when a predator is threatening to take a meerkat. This intimidates the predator away. One example from the article is when a small meerkat explores the habitat, and then a goshawk appears. The meerkat responds by calling for its family and the goshawk flies away. Another example from the article is when a hawk flies above the meerkats territory. A whole mob of meerkats come to reinforce base, and the hawk goes away.

This is how meerkats and birds in "Meerkat Chat" and "How Birds Beat the Odds" solve their problems

31

GUIDE PAPER 1b

Score Point 4 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows logically from the task and purpose (In both "How Birs Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat" the articles talk about dangers meerkats and birds face). The response demonstrates insightful comprehension and analysis of the texts (In "How Birds Beat the Odds" the birds need to make sure that their young grow up and lay more eggs to continue a life cycle. The birds make sure that this happens by protecting their young in different ways and In "Meerkat Chat," the same problem happens: The meerkats have to survive. They do this by calling on more meerkats when a predator is threatening to take a meerkat. This intimidates the predator away). The response develops the topic with relevant, well-chosen details from the texts, and sustains the use of varied, relevant evidence (The Gila woodpecker pecks a hole in a giant saguaro cactus where she lays her eggs. This protects the babies because the predators don't want to risk being pricked; American robins make 2 to 4 nests in which they lay several eggs. predators like snakes or other animals can easily reach the nests, but since the robin built more that one nest in the season, it's more likely that at least one nest will survive; when a small meerkat explores the habitat, and then a goshawk appears. The meerkat responds by calling for its family and the goshawk flies away; when a hawk flies above the meerkats territory. A whole mob of meerkats come to reinforce the base, and the hawk goes away). The response exhibits clear, purposeful organization, skillfully linking ideas using grade-appropriate words and phrases (In both, One example, Another example, but since, This is how). The response uses grade-appropriate, stylistically sophisticated language and domain-specific vocabulary (dangers meerkats and birds face, to continue a life cycle, protecting their young, predator is threatening, intimidates). The response provides a concluding statement that follows from the topic and information presented (This is how meerkats and birds in "Meerkat Chat" and "How Birds Beat the Odds" solve their problems). The response demonstrates grade-appropriate command of conventions, with few errors (in the season, capitalization, punctuation).

In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat," what is one problem that birds and meerkats share? How do birds and meerkats try to solve this problem? Use details from **both** articles to support your response.

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from both articles to support your response

eat The Odds" ave one lem. oroblem What this (e 00+ + iats Shar that 10 (P The Thes Sa e and ٤ ows Tha Meel ha Meel hat d Solve 40

plablem by making mole nests this help. In "How Birds Beat lling for " Building severa the desi it Says nests in a season instead of Just once makes hely that atleast mole One become Sulvino Dar nins" This that Shows mole chicks. moi Me "danger danger into the air. Says" SAIRAS alerts his family, which call he Wappt luns resore". This shows that hy making to his calls theil tamily could protect them from my halmo a problem and both animals find a Solution.

GUIDE PAPER 2c

Score Point 4 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows from the task and purpose ("How Birds Beat The Odds" and "Meerkat Chat" Both have one problem. keep reading to figure out what this problem is, and how they try to solve it). The response demonstrates insightful comprehension and analysis of the texts (The problem that Birds and Meerkats share is that they both have predators that want to eat them; This shows that birds have a lot of predators; This shows that Meerkats also have a predator; Birds and Meerkats try to solve this problem by making more nests and calling for help; This shows that if they build more nests, more chicks will survive; This shows that by making calls their family could protect them from any harm). The response develops the topic with relevant, well-chosen details from the texts, and sustains the use of varied, relevant evidence ("These birds are a favorite prey of desert hunters like bobcats, snakes and hawks."; "A nearby goshawk eyes the Meerkat and launches into flight."; "Building several nests in a season instead of just once makes it more likely that atleast one klutch will survive to become adult robins."; He squeals "danger, danger into the air. The urgent call alerts his family, which runs to his rescue"). The response exhibits clear, purposeful organization. The response links ideas using grade-appropriate words and phrases (Both, This shows that, In "Meerkat chat" it says, In conclusion). The response uses grade-appropriate precise language and domain-specific vocabulary (predators, try to solve the problem, calling for help, survive, protect them from any *harm*). The response provides a concluding statement that follows from the topic and information presented (In conclusion Both passages have a problem and both animals find a solution). The response demonstrates gradeappropriate command of conventions, with few errors (capitalization and punctuation).

In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat," what is one problem that birds and meerkats share? How do birds and meerkats try to solve this problem? Use details from **both** articles to support your response.

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from both articles to support your response

PA MP n anger 0 ar C 0 Inina rcrea 1n 0 MI 25 P 00

GUIDE PAPER 3b

Score Point 4 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows logically from the task and purpose (*In* "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meercat Chat" they both deal with enimies who try to eat them and their young). The response demonstrates grade-appropriate comprehension and analysis of the texts (*This shows they both are hunted and their young are too; Birds and Meercats solve the problem by doing different things; This shows they can solve their problems in different ways*). The response develops the topic with relevant well-chosen details from the texts and sustains the use of varied, relevant evidence (*Parent birds have to keep their eggs safe from predators, shelter the chicks from weather; and find enough food for all those hungry mouths; "As Meercats know, danger lurks everywhere in the Kalahari Desert of South Africa; they increase their egg giving them a better chance of surviving; they call family to help and protect them). The response exhibits clear organization, linking ideas using grade-appropriate words and phrases (<i>In "How Birds Beat the Odds", both, In "Meercat Chat" it says, This shows*). The response uses grade-appropriate, stylistically sophisticated language and domain-specific vocabulary (*deal with enemies, both are hunted and their young are too, better chance of surviving, to help and protect them, solve their problems*). The response does not provide a concluding statement. The response demonstrates grade-appropriate command of conventions, with few errors (enimies, capitalization, punctuation).

In your response, be sure to

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

I read the articles "How Birds Beat the Odds" by Charles C. Hofer and "Meerkat Chat" by Karen de Seve. In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat" there is one problem that birds and meerkats share. Birds and meerkats solve this problem. One problem is that pirds and meerkats share is preditors. A detail is "These, birds are a favorite prey of desert hunters like bobcats, snakes, and hawks." Another detail is "A nearby ghost hawks." Another meerkat and lownches into flight. It can easily swoop down and neb the furry pup in it orange claws." This meas how preditors are a problem to birds and meerkats.

31

31

Score Point 3 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows from the task and purpose (I read the articles "How Birds Beat the Odds" by Charles C. Hofer and "Meerkat Chat" by Karen de Seve. In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat" there is one problem that birds and meerkats share. Birds and meerkats solve this problem). The response demonstrates grade-appropriate comprehension and analysis of the texts (One problem) is that birds and meerkats share is preditors; This meas how preditors are a problem to birds and meerkats; Some birds can hide their chicks in a cactus; Meerkats call their family to protect them; This show how they solve this problem). The response develops the topic with relevant, well-chosen details from the texts, sustaining the use of varied, relevant evidence ("These birds are a favorite prey of desert hunters like bobcats, snakes, and hawks."; "A nearby ghosthawk eyes the meerkat and launches into flight. It can easily swoop down and nab the furry pup in it orange claws."; "This woodpecker drills a hole in the cactus, where she lays about six eggs."; "The urgent call alerts his family, witch runs to his rescue."). The response exhibits clear, purposeful organization, skillfully linking ideas using grade-appropriate words and phrases (In, One problem, A detail is, Another detail is, This means, In the articles, This shows). The response uses grade-appropriate precise language and domain-specific vocabulary (*hide their chicks, protect, interesting*). The response provides a concluding statement that follows from the topic and information presented (In the articles "How Birds Beat the Odds" by Charles C. Hofer and "Meerkat Chat" by Karen de Seven is how these animals solve a problem. This shows how there is one problem for the birds and meerkats. That is very interesting!). The response demonstrates gradeappropriate command of conventions, with occasional errors that do not hinder comprehension (One problem is that birds and meerkats share is, preditors, it orange claws, This meas how, witch, Karen de Seven, In the articles [...] is how).

GUIDE PAPER 5

In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat," what is one problem that birds and meerkats share? How do birds and meerkats try to solve this problem? Use details from **both** articles to support your response.

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

In both stories 'How Birds Beat the Odds' and 'Meerkat Chat' there is one similar problem. The problem both animals have is, too many animals hunt them. In 'How Birds Beat the Odds' paragraph 3 says bobcats, snakes, and hawks hunt Gambel's quail.In paragraph 5 it says snakes and racoons hunt American robins. In 'Meerkat Chat' eagles, wild cats and more hunt the meerksts. The birds solve their problems by laying many eggs so at least some will survive. Meerkats solve their problem by communicating with each other. When they are in danger one of the meerkats tell the others to hide. This is how both animals from 'How Birds Beat the Odds' and 'Meerkats Chat' solve their problem.

Score Point 3 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows from the task and purpose (*In both stories* "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat" there is one similar problem. The problem both animals have is, too many animals hunt them). The response demonstrates grade-appropriate comprehension and analysis of the texts (*The birds solve their problems by laying many eggs so at least some will survive* and Meerkats solve their problem by communicating with each other. When they are in danger one of the meerkats tell the others to hide). The response develops the topic with relevant details from the texts, sustaining the use of relevant evidence, with some lack of variety (bobcats, snakes, and hawks hunt Gambel's quail; snakes and racoons hunt American robins; eagles, wild cats and more hunt the meerksts). The response exhibits clear organization, linking ideas using grade-appropriate words and phrases (In both stories, The problem both animals have is, In, This is how). The response uses grade-appropriate precise language and domain-specific vocabulary (similar, too many, at least some, communicating). The response provides a concluding statement that follows from the topic and information presented (This is how both animals from "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkats Chat" solve their problem). The response demonstrates grade-appropriate communicating statement that follows from the topic and information presented (This is how both animals from "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkats Chat" solve their problem).

In your response, be sure to

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from both articles to support your response

0 90 0 C 0

31

GUIDE PAPER 6b

31 Meal

Score Point 3 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows from the task and purpose (*The why how*) "Birds beat the odds" and "meerkat chat" are simler is that they both share a simler problem that problem is they both need to try and stay alive). The response demonstrates a literal comprehension of the texts (like the quals the qual has to lay a lot of eggs becuse of pretiters if they didn't they would have a chance of ceting all eaten and every mearcat was there so if it went down it could have goten attacked becuse all of the mearcats *coming over and charging at it*). The response develops the topic with relevant details from the texts (*They* lay a lot thoe so they most likley wont get eaten by bobcats snaks or hawks and the meercats almost get eaten by the hawk and could of killed one of them but won saw it and started skueling so the other mearcats would come over and the hawk wouldn't be able to swope down). The response exhibits some attempt at organization, and inconsistently links ideas using words and phrases (both share, both need, so, Just like in the story, That is how the story). The response uses grade-appropriate precise language and domain-specific vocabulary (share a simler problem, stay alive, pretiters, attacked, charging at it). The response provides a concluding statement that follows from the topic and information presented (That is how the story "How birds beat the odds" and "Meerkat chat" are simler on how they both have to surive). The response demonstrates emerging command of conventions, with some errors that may hinder comprehension (The why how, simler, quals, pretiters, thae, wont, get eaten, could of killed, but won saw, started skueling, swope down, mearcat, goten attacked, surive, capitalization, punctuation).

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

In 'How Birds Beat the odds' and 'MeerCat Chat' they both share the problem of having to stay away from preditors. I know this beacuse in the story 'How Birds Beat the odds' the birds have tobe protected afrom bobcats, snakes, and hawks. In 'MeerCat Chat' the meercats try to keeps safe from their preditors which are eagles. And also thy bothhave alot of family members to keep one and another safe from preditors. The MeerCats stands over their home. And birds stay close to eachother. This shows how the animals stay safe and what problems they were having.

Score Point 2 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows from the task and purpose (In "How Birds Beat the odds" and "MeerCat Chat" they both share the problem of having to stay away from preditors). The response demonstrates a literal comprehension of the texts (thy bothhave alot of family members to keep one and another safe from preditors). The response partially develops the topic of the essay with some textual evidence (the birds have tobe protected afrom bobcats, snakes, and hawks and the meercats try to keeps safe from their preditors which are eagles) and uses relevant evidence with inconsistency (The MeerCats stands over their home and birds stay close to eachother). The response exhibits some attempt at organization. The response links ideas using grade-appropriate words and phrases (I know this beacuse in the story, which, also, This shows how, and). The response uses grade-appropriate language and domain-specific vocabulary (both share the problem, preditors, protected, family members). The response provides a concluding statement that follows from the topic and information presented (This shows how the animals stay safe and what problems they were having). The response demonstrates emerging command of conventions, with some errors that may hinder comprehension (MeerCat, preditors, beacuse, thy, keep one and another safe, capitalization, spacing).

31 In "How Birds Beat the Odds" and "Meerkat Chat," what is one problem that birds and meerkats share? How do birds and meerkats try to solve this problem? Use details from **both** articles to support your response. In your response, be sure to identify a problem that birds and meerkats share explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem use details from **both** articles to support your response

Score Point 2 (out of 4 points)

This response clearly introduces the topic in a manner that follows from the task and purpose (*The problem that the birds and meerkats share is there predators always trying to eat them; the way that birds get predators away is; The way meerkats get predators away is*). The response demonstrates a literal comprehension of the texts. The response partially develops the topic of the essay with some textual evidence (*they hide there nest so the pedators wont eat the birds* and *they call there mob so the predator would get scared and run away*). The response exhibits some attempt at organization. The response lacks the use of linking words and phrases (*the way* and *so*). The response does not provide a concluding statement. The response demonstrates emerging command of conventions, with some errors that may hinder comprehension (*there predators always trying, hide there nest, wont*, capitalization, changing tenses).

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

Their problem is trying to survive they solve this problem by laying eggs or live birth and lookin out for eachother.

They both care for their young and keep them safe and they make sure to keep thier young away from preadetors.

Meerkats and Gambels young are in mobs to survive.

Many animals try to hide thier home to keep their babies safe.Meerkats and birds hide there babies

Score Point 2 (out of 4 points)

This response introduces the topic in a manner that follows generally from the task and purpose (*Their problem is and they solve this problem by*). The response demonstrates little understanding of the texts (*Their problem is trying to survive; they solve this problem by* [...] *live birth; they make sure to keep thier young away from preadetors; Gambels young are in mobs to survive*). The response demonstrates an attempt to use evidence, but only develops ideas with minimal, occasional evidence (*they solve this problem by laying eggs* and *birds hide there babies*). The response exhibits little attempt at organization. The response inconsistently links ideas using words and phrases (*by, or, and, They both*). The response uses grade-appropriate precise language and domain-specific vocabulary (*survive, laying eggs, young, preadetors, mobs*). The response does not provide a concluding statement. The response demonstrates emerging command of conventions, with some errors that may hinder comprehension (*by laying eggs or live birth, lookin out, thier, preadetors, young are in mobs, spacing, punctuation*).

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from both articles to support your response

Score Point 1 (out of 4 points)

This response introduces the topic in a manner that follows generally from the task and purpose (*Each bird has a problem, it is to protect their eggs*). The response demonstrates little understanding of the texts (*They have to protect their eggs from animals and other danger; In "Meerkat Chat," there are at least 20 birds in a nest; they can call the other birds by going "tweet tweet" for protection*). The response demonstrates an attempt to use evidence, but only develops ideas with minimal, occasional evidence which is generally invalid ("*How Birds Beat the Odds," protect eggs by hiding nests or in giant Saguaro cactie; In "Meerkat Chat," there are at least 20 birds in a nest; they can call the other birds by going "tweet tweet" for protection*). The response exhibits some attempt at organization. The response lacks the use of linking words and phrases (*so* and *because*). The response inconsistently uses appropriate language and domain-specific vocabulary (*adventure alone* and *going "tweet tweet"*). The response does not provide a concluding statement. The response demonstrates emerging command of conventions, with some errors that may hinder comprehension ("*How Birds Beat the Odds," protect eggs; or in giant Saguaro cactie; they can adventure;* a run-on sentence).

Page 80

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

one problem how there the same is they have to protect there babys from getting hert.how they try to slove the problem is by tryin g to keep there babies safe by hideing

Score Point 1 (out of 4 points)

This response introduces the topic in a manner that follows generally from the task and purpose (*one problem how there the same is* and *how they try to slove the problem is by*). The response demonstrates little understanding of the texts (*they have to protect there babys from getting hert* and *how they try to slove the problem is by tryin g to keep there babies safe*). The response demonstrates an attempt to use evidence, but only develops ideas with minimal, occasional evidence (*tryin g to keep there babies safe by hideing*). The response exhibits little attempt at organization, and lacks the use of linking words and phrases. The response inconsistently uses appropriate language and domain-specific vocabulary. The response does not provide a concluding statement. The response demonstrates a lack of command of conventions, with frequent errors (*how there the same, babys, hert, slove, tryin g, hideing*, capitalization).

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

they are in danger of uthr animalls. they jut solve it.

Score Point 1 (out of 4 points)

This response introduces the topic in a manner that follows generally from the task and purpose (*they are danger of uthr animals*). The response demonstrates little understanding of the text (*they jut solve it*). No evidence is provided. The response exhibits no evidence of organization and no use of linking words and phrases. The response uses language that is imprecise for the texts and task. The response does not provide a concluding statement. The response is minimal, making assessment of conventions unreliable.

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from both articles to support your response

Score Point 0 (out of 4 points)

This response demonstrates a lack of comprehension of the texts (*They both have to hunt for food so they go out and hunt. They're both birds that need food to live abird cannot live without food. They also need water to live. So I think thats what they share*).

Page 83

In your response, be sure to

31

- identify a problem that birds and meerkats share
- explain how birds and meerkats try to solve this problem
- use details from **both** articles to support your response

grow up to lay eggs themselves one clutch will survive to become adult robins. mouths

Score Point 0 (out of 4 points)

This response is totally copied from the text with no original student writing (grow up to lay eggs themselves one clutch will survive to become adult robins. mouths).