THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

GRADE 4

ELEMENTARY-LEVEL SCIENCE TEST

JUNE 2012 WRITTEN TEST

FOR TEACHERS ONLY

RATING GUIDE FOR PART II

This rating guide contains detailed directions for rating student responses to Part II of the written test in Elementary-Level Science. All raters should become familiar with the detailed directions before beginning to rate student responses.

Appendix A provides a performance levels chart that translates final scores into four performance levels. A conversion chart is also needed to translate a student's raw scores on the written and performance tests to a final score. This chart will be posted on the Department's web site http://www.p12.nysed.gov/apda/. Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must *not* be used to determine student's final scores for the 2012 administration of the test.

Appendix B provides four charts that link the individual questions on the test to the *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4*. This core curriculum is based on the *New York State Learning Standards in Mathematics, Science, and Technology.*

Any clarifications or changes to this rating guide will be posted on the New York State Education Department website at http://www.p12.nysed.gov/apda/ during the rating period. Check the "Scoring Information" link at this website before starting the rating process and several times during the rating period.

Questions regarding this test should be directed to the Office of Assessment Policy, Development and Administration at (518) 474-5900.

Note: Retain this rating guide for future use. Do *not* return it to SED with the performance test materials.

Detailed Directions for Rating Part II of the Written Test

This guide contains detailed directions and criteria for rating student responses to the questions in Part II of the written test. Raters should become familiar with the detailed directions and rating criteria before beginning to rate the student responses. Refer to the 2012 Manual for Administrators and Teachers for suggestions about organizing the rating process.

In rating the student responses, follow the procedure outlined below.

1. Familiarize yourself with the system your school is using for processing the answer papers and recording the student scores.

2. Have a test booklet on hand. Read each Part II question carefully. Note exactly what is required.

3. Carefully read the criteria provided in this guide for rating each question.

4. For most questions, examples of acceptable responses are provided. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to, the examples given. Other responses that convey the same general meaning as those given in this guide should also receive credit. Raters must use their professional judgement to decide if the student's answer meets the criteria. You may find it helpful to discuss questionable student responses with other raters.

5. Acceptable responses separated by a slash (/) are considered to be the same response and should be counted for credit once.

6. Discuss with other raters the requirements of each question and the rating criteria. When you are certain that you clearly understand the requirements and criteria, you are ready to begin rating the student responses.

7. It is recommended that you rate all the student responses to one question or group of questions before proceeding to the next question or group of questions. This method helps ensure that the rating criteria are applied consistently.

8. Students should *not* lose credit for incorrect spelling, grammar, capitalization, or punctuation.

9. In responses to questions where a specific number of answers are required (e.g., identify *three* materials, give *two* examples), if the student provides more than the required number of responses, score only the required number, in the order in which they appear.

10. Record the number of credits you allow for each question in the table provided on the back cover of the test booklet. The maximum number of credits for each question appears in the table.

11. When you have finished rating all the Part II questions, add the credits allowed for each question to obtain the total raw score for Part II.

12. Follow your school's procedure for transferring Part II scores to the student's scannable answer sheet. These are local decisions that depend on the answer sheet your school uses. Some schools will transfer a score for each Part II question while others may transfer a total raw score for Part II. Check to be certain that the student name on the test booklet matches the name on the answer sheet.

Online Submission of Teacher Evaluations of the Test to the Department

Suggestions and feedback from teachers provide an important contribution to the test development process. The Department provides an online evaluation form for State assessments. It contains spaces for teachers to respond to several specific questions and to make suggestions. Instructions for completing the evaluation form are as follows:

1. Go to http://www.p12.nysed.gov/apda/teacher/evaluation.html.
2. Select the test title.
3. Complete the required demographic fields.
4. Complete each evaluation question and provide comments in the space provided.
5. Click the SUBMIT button at the bottom of the page to submit the completed form.

31 [1] Allow 1 credit for correctly placing *all five* **X**s in the data table, as shown below.

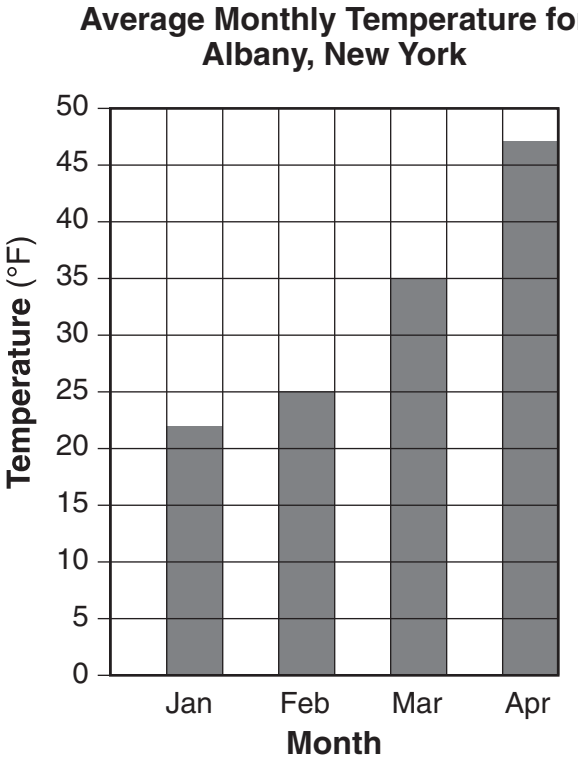
Data Table

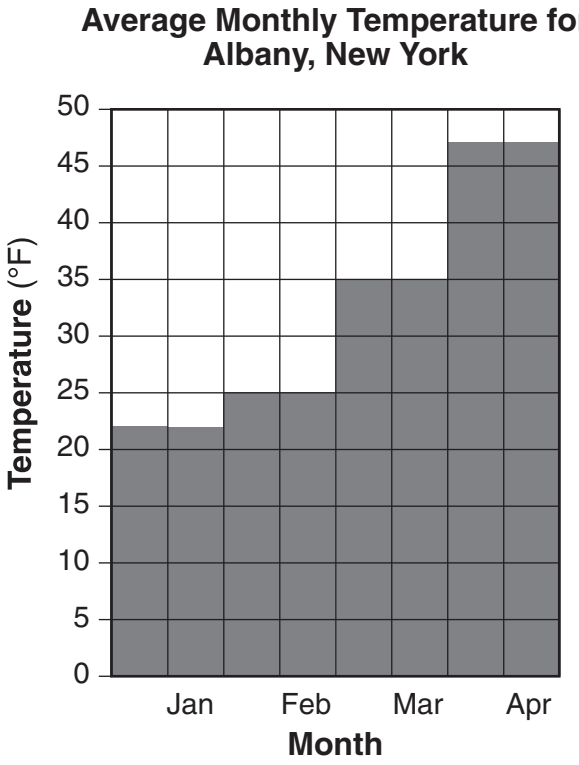
Object	Floated	Sank
apple	**X**	
ball	**X**	
egg		**X**
keys		**X**
nail		**X**

Note: Allow credit if the student uses something other than an **X** to indicate which objects floated and sank, as long as it is clear.

32 [1] Allow 1 credit for correctly shading *all three* student-constructed bars ±2°.

Examples of 1-credit responses:





Note: The bar for January was provided.
Raters might find it helpful to use a transparent overlay when scoring this graph.
If a student constructs a histogram, allow credit as specified above.

33 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

— an increase in the level of the lake
— more erosion
— rocks/soil get(s) deposited in the lake
— flooding
— mudslide
— landslide
— The lake might get polluted.
— It could affect the drinking water.
— Trees/plants might be washed away.
— Animals' habitats might be destroyed.

34 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

— Heat energy caused the liquid water to evaporate.
— The Sun's energy warms the air/water/sidewalk.
— The Sun helped evaporate the water.
— It was a windy day.
— Heat energy caused the liquid water to evaporate.
— The water in the puddle got warmer.
— The Sun was out.
— It was a hot day.

Unacceptable responses include:

It evaporated. (This is stated in the question.)

35 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

— Their shelter would be gone.
— Their homes would burn down.
— There would be fewer trees for them to live in.
— Ash/dust will pollute the air.
— The lake water temperature will go up.
— Many animals will have no food.
— The lava can pollute the water so animals can't live there.
— It will destroy the animals' habitat.

Unacceptable responses include:

The animals will die. (Acceptable responses must address the *environment*.)

36 [2] Allow a maximum of 2 credits, allocated as follows:

- Allow 2 credits for an acceptable response in *three or four* unshaded rows in the chart.
- Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response in only *one or two* unshaded rows in the chart.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

Observation Made	Sense
red color	sight
salty flavor	— taste — smell
strong odor	— smell
smooth surface	— touch — sight — feel
loud noise	— hear

37 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

— The bulb is correctly connected to the battery.

— There is a continuous path for the electricity to flow.

— The wires are correctly connected to all four terminals.

— The wires are attached to the battery and everything is connected together.

— It is a closed circuit.

— It is a complete circuit.

— The wires from the bulb are connected to the battery.

38 [2] Allow a maximum of 2 credits, allocated as follows:

- Allow 2 credits for an **X** correctly placed in *all four* rows as shown in the chart.
- Allow 1 credit for an **X** correctly placed in *only two or three* rows as shown in the chart.
- Allow 0 credit for an **X** correctly placed in *fewer than two* rows as shown in the chart.

Example	Inherited Trait	Learned Trait	Acquired Trait
Kitten A has long whiskers.	**X**		
Kitten B has black spots.	**X**		
Kitten C goes to its food bowl when it hears the food being opened.		**X**	**X**
Kitten D has lost part of its ear in a fight.			**X**

Note: Learned traits may be considered acquired traits. Allow credit for the Kitten *C* row if either box *or* both boxes have an **X**.

39 [2] Allow a maximum of 2 credits, allocated as follows:

- Allow 2 credits for an acceptable response in *three or four* unshaded boxes in the chart.
- Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response in *only one or two* unshaded boxes in the chart.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

Plant Structure	Function of Plant Structure
flower	produces fruit with seeds to make new plants
leaves	—make food —capture sunlight —give off oxygen
stem	provides support for the plant
roots	—get water from the soil —anchor the plant —get minerals from the soil —get nutrients from the soil

40 [1] Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response in the unshaded row. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

Human Responses to Environmental Changes

Environmental Change	Human Response
strong wind	eyes water
sudden loud sound	—jumps/startles —heart rate goes up —screams/yells —look in that direction —gets scared/worried —cover your ears —gets a headache/earache

41 [1] Allow 1 credit for winter *and* a correct explanation. Acceptable explanations include, but are not limited to:

— The rabbit's white fur blends in with the snow.

— camouflage

— Low branches provide places to hide.

— It blends in better.

— The snow is white and so is the rabbit.

— Some of the rabbit's predators may be hibernating during the winter.

Unacceptable responses include:

The snow is white. (Not enough information is provided.)

The fur is white. (Not enough information is provided.)

42 [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

— Erosion has occurred.

— air pollution

— water pollution

— fewer trees for the animals to live in

— Trees were cut down.

Appendix A

New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test
June 2012

Performance Levels Chart

The chart on the next page defines the four performance levels for this test. The chart provides the score range and a brief description of student performance for each level.

The conversion chart will be posted on the Department's website http://www.p12.nysed.gov/apda/.

Note: Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must *not* be used to determine students' final scores for the 2012 administration.

Performance Levels for Final Score
Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test

Level	Final Test Score Range	Description of Student Performance
4	85–100	**Meeting the Standards with Distinction** • A student demonstrates superior understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student demonstrates superior elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student demonstrates superior understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.
3	65–84	**Meeting the Standards** • The student demonstrates understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student demonstrates elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student demonstrates understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.
2	45–64	**Not Fully Meeting the Standards** • The student demonstrates only minimal understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for each of the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student demonstrates minimal elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student demonstrates minimal understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.
1	0–44	**Not Meeting the Standards** • The student is *unable* to demonstrate understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student is *unable* to demonstrate elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed. • The student is *unable* to demonstrate understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.

Appendix B

Item Maps

New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test
June 2012 Written Test
Performance Test Form A

Item maps contained in this appendix:

- Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K–4* — June 2012 Written Test and Performance Test, Form A
- Reference to Process Skills Based on Standard 4 — June 2012 Written Test and Performance Test, Form A
- Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions — June 2012 Written Test
- Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions — Performance Test, Form A

Note: Core curriculum is based on *NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics, Science, and Technology.*

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics, Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4* Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Performance Test Form A Question Number			June 2012 Written Test Question Number
		Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	
Standard 1 Mathematical Analysis	**M1** Abstraction and symbolic representation are used to communicate mathematically.	1, 2, 4, 5		1	30
	M2 Deductive and inductive reasoning are used to reach mathematical conclusions.			3, 5	32
	M3 Critical thinking skills are used in the solution of mathematical problems.	1, 2, 4	1, 3	1	4, 6
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Key Idea 1	**S1.1** Ask "why" questions in attempts to seek greater understanding concerning objects and events they have observed and heard about.				29
	S1.2 Question the explanations they hear from others and read about, seeking clarification and comparing them with their own observations and understandings.		4		
	S1.3 Develop relationships among observations to construct descriptions of objects and events and to form their own tentative explanations of what they have observed.		2		
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Key Idea 2	**S2.1** Develop written plans for exploring phenomena or for evaluating explanations guided by questions or proposed explanations they have helped formulate.				
	S2.2 Share their research plans with others and revise them based on their suggestions.				
	S2.3 Carry out their plans for exploring phenomena through direct observation and through the use of simple instruments that permit measurement of quantities such as length, mass, volume, temperature, and time.			1	
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Key Idea 3	**S3.1** Organize observations and measurements of objects and events through classification and the preparation of simple charts and tables.		1, 3		31, 36
	S3.2 Interpret organized observations and measurements, recognizing simple patterns, sequences, and relationships.		2, 4	2, 3	25
	S3.3 Share their findings with others and actively seek their interpretations and ideas.		4		
	S3.4 Adjust their explanations and understandings of objects and events based on their findings and new ideas.			4, 5	
Standard 1 Engineering Design	**T1.1–T1.5** Engineering design is an iterative process involving modeling and optimization to develop technological solutions to problems within given constraints.			4	

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics, Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4* Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Performance Test Form A Question Number			June 2012 Written Test Question Number
		Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	
Standard 2 Information Systems	**1** Information technology is used to retrieve, process, and communicate information as a tool to enhance learning.				
	2 Knowledge of the impacts and limitations of information systems is essential to its effectiveness and ethical use.				
	3 Information technology can have positive and negative impacts on society, depending upon how it is used.				
Standard 4 Physical Setting	**1** Earth and celestial phenomena can be described by principles of relative motion and perspective.				3, 10
	2 Many of the phenomena that we observe on Earth involve interactions among components of air, water, and land.				5, 12, 32, 33, 34, 35
	3 Matter is made up of particles whose properties determine the observable characteristics of matter and its reactivity.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	1, 2		1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 11, 31, 34, 36
	4 Energy exists in many forms, and when these forms change energy is conserved.		1, 2		8, 34, 37
	5 Energy and matter interact through forces that result in changes in motion.		3, 4	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	9, 13
Standard 4 Living Environment	**1** Living things are both similar to and different from each other and from nonliving things.				21, 22, 26
	2 Organisms inherit genetic information in a variety of ways that result in continuity of structure and function between parents and offspring.				38
	3 Individual organisms and species change over time.				15, 17, 18, 24, 35, 39, 41
	4 The continuity of life is sustained through reproduction and development.				23, 25
	5 Organisms maintain a dynamic equilibrium that sustains life.				14, 18, 19, 36, 40, 41
	6 Plants and animals depend on each other and their physical environment.				16, 20, 27, 28, 34
	7 Human decisions and activities have had a profound impact on the physical and living environment.				42

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics, Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4* Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Performance Test Form A Question Number			June 2012 Written Test Question Number
		Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	
Standard 6 Interconnectedness: Common Themes	**1 Systems Thinking** Through systems thinking, people can recognize the commonalities that exist among all systems and how parts of a system interrelate and combine to perform specific functions.				
	2 Models Models are simplified representations of objects, structures, or systems used in analysis, explanation, interpretation, or design.				15, 16, 24, 27, 28, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42
	3 Magnitude and Scale The grouping of magnitudes of size, time, frequency, and pressures or other units of measurement into a series of relative order provides a useful way to deal with the immense range and the changes in scale that affect the behavior and design of systems.				
	4 Equilibrium and Stability Equilibrium is a state of stability due either to a lack of change (static equilibrium) or a balance between opposing forces (dynamic equilibrium).				
	5 Patterns of Change Identifying patterns of change is necessary for making predictions about future behavior and conditions.			2, 3	
	6 Optimization In order to arrive at the best solution that meets criteria within constraints, it is often necessary to make trade-offs.			5	
Standard 7 Interdisciplinary Problem Solving	**1 Connections** The knowledge and skills of mathematics, science, and technology are used together to make informed decisions and solve problems, especially those related to issues of science/technology/society, consumer decision-making, design, and inquiry into phenomena.				
	2 Strategies Solving interdisciplinary problems involves a variety of skills and strategies, including effective work habits; gathering and processing information; generating and analyzing ideas; realizing ideas; making connections among the common themes of mathematics, science, and technology; and presenting results.				

Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test—June 2012
Reference to Process Skills Based On Standard 4

	Process Skills–General Skills (From *Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4*)	Performance Test Form A Question Number			June 2012 Written Test Question Number
		Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	
i	follow safety procedures in the classroom, laboratory, and field				
ii	safely and accurately use the following tools: hand lens, ruler (metric), balance, gram weights, spring scale, thermometer (C°, F°), measuring cups, graduated cylinder, timepiece(s)	1, 2, 4			
iii	develop an appreciation of and respect for all learning environments (classroom, laboratory, field, etc.)				
iv	manipulate materials through teacher direction and free discovery				
v	use information systems appropriately				
vi	select appropriate standard and nonstandard measurement tools for measurement activities	1, 2, 4			4
vii	estimate, find, and communicate measurements, using standard and nonstandard units	1, 2, 4, 5			30
viii	use and record appropriate units for measured or calculated values	2, 5			6
ix	order and sequence objects and/or events				
x	classify objects according to an established scheme				31, 38
xi	generate a scheme for classification				
xii	utilize senses optimally for making observations				36
xiii	observe, analyze, and report observations of objects and events	3	1, 3	1	
xiv	observe, identify, and communicate patterns			2, 3	
xv	observe, identify, and communicate cause and effect relationships	3			7, 13, 34, 35, 40
xvi	generate appropriate questions (teacher and student based) in response to observations, events, and other experiences				
xvii	observe, collect, organize, and appropriately record data, then accurately interpret results				
xviii	collect and organize data, choosing the appropriate representation: journal entries, graphic representations, drawings/pictorial representations				
xix	make predictions based on prior experiences and/or information			2, 3, 5	
xx	compare and contrast organisms/objects/events/ in the living and physical environments		2, 4		37
xxi	identify and control variables/factors			4	29
xxii	plan, design, and implement a short-term and long-term investigation based on a student- or teacher-posed problem				
xxiii	communicate procedures and conclusions through oral and written presentations				

Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Written Test – June 2012
Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

Question Number	MST Learning Standard	Area within Standard 4 (PS or LE)	Key Idea or Major Understanding	Other Standards, Key Ideas, or Major Understandings	Process Skills Based on Standard 4 (p. 11 in core)
1	4	PS	3.1c	3.1b	
2	4	PS	3.2a		
3	4	PS	1.1a		
4	4	PS	3.1e	3.1c; St 1 M 3.1a	vi
5	4	PS	2.1b		
6	4	PS	3.1d	St 1 M 3.1a	viii
7	4	PS	3.2b	3.2a	xv
8	4	PS	4.1f		
9	4	PS	5 intro	5.1c, 5.1e	
10	4	PS	1.1c		
11	4	PS	3.1e		
12	4	PS	2.1d		
13	4	PS	5.2b	5.1e	xv
14	4	LE	5.3a	5.3b	
15	4	LE	3.2a	St 6 KI 2	
16	4	LE	6.1a	St 6 KI 2	
17	4	LE	3.1a	3.1c	
18	4	LE	5.1b	3.1a	
19	4	LE	5.2f		
20	4	LE	6.2a		
21	4	LE	1.1a		
22	4	LE	1.2a		
23	4	LE	4.1d		
24	4	LE	3.1c	St 6 KI 2	
25	4	LE	4.1g	St 1 S 3.2	
26	4	LE	1.1c		
27	6	-	2	LE 6.1c	
28	6	-	2	LE 6.1b	
29	1	-	S 1.1b	LE	xxi
30	1	-	M 1.1b	M 1.1c; PS	vii
31	1	-	S 3.1a	PS 3.1e	x
32	1	-	M 2.1b	PS 2.1b	
33	4	PS	2.1c	2.1d, 2.1e; St 6 KI 2	
34	4	PS	2.1c	4.1b, 3.1g; LE 6.2c	xv
35	4	PS	2.1e	LE 3 intro; St 6 KI 2	xv
36	4	PS	3.1b	LE 5.2c; St 1 S 3.1	xii
37	4	PS	4.1e	St 6 KI 2	xx
38	4	LE	2 intro	LE 2.1a, 2.1b; St 6 KI 2	x
39	4	LE	3.1b	St 6 KI 2	
40	4	LE	5.2b	5.2c	xv
41	4	LE	3.1c	5.2e; St 6 KI 2	
42	4	LE	7.1b	7.1c; St 6 KI 2	

Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Performance Test, Form A
Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

Station	Item			Reference to Elementary Science Core Curriculum			
	Item No.	Task	Credits	General Skills (p. 11)	MST Standard 1 (Mathematical Analysis, Scientific Inquiry, and Engineering Design) Key Idea/Performance Indicator	MST Standard 6 Interconnected/ Common Themes	MST Standard 4 The Physical Setting Key Idea/Performance Indicator
1 (9 credits total)	**1a** **1b**	width height	1 1	ii vi vii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d
	2	volume	2	ii vi vii viii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d 3.2a
	3	water level up	1	xiii xv			3.1a 3.1c
	4	mass of two jars	1	ii vi vii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d
	5	mass of water, only	3	vii viii	M 1.1b M 1.1c		3.1c 3.1d
2 (9 credits total)	**1**	electricity data	2	xiii	M 3.1a S 3.1		3.1e 3.1f 4.1 a-e
	2	statement about electricity	3	xx	S 1.3 S 3.2a		3.1e 3.1f 4.1 a-e
	3	magnet data	2	xiii	M 3.1a S 3.1		5.1e 5.2a
	4	explanation	2	xx	S 1.2 S 3.2a S 3.3a		5.1e 5.2a
3 (8 credits total)	**1**	collect data	2	xiii	M 1.1c M 3.1a S 2.3a S 2.3b		5.1a 5.1b 5.1c 5.1f
	2	predict where to release the ball	1	xiv xix	S 3.2	Key Idea 5	5.1
	3	explain response to No.2	1	xiv xix	M 2.1a M 2.1b S 3.2a	Key Idea 5	5.1
	4	suggest a change to the setup	2	xxi	T 1.3c S 3.4		5.1
	5	explain response to No.4	2	xix	M 2.1b S 3.4a	Key Idea 6	5.1