# **GRADE 4**

# SCIENCE TEST

**MAY 2005** 

# FOR TEACHERS ONLY

# **RATING GUIDE FOR WRITTEN TEST, PART II**

This rating guide contains detailed directions for rating student responses to Part II of the written test in Elementary-Level Science. All raters should become familiar with the detailed directions before beginning to rate student responses.

Appendix A provides a performance levels chart that translates final scores into four performance levels. A conversion chart is also needed to translate a student's raw scores on the written and performance tests to a final score. This chart will be posted on the Department's web site <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a> on or about Monday, May 9, 2005. Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must *not* be used to determine student's final scores for the 2005 administration of the test.

Appendix B provides four charts that link the individual questions on the test to the *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4*. This core curriculum is based on the *New York State Learning Standards in Mathematics, Science, and Technology*.

Any clarifications or changes to this rating guide will be posted on the New York State Education Department web site at <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a> at the end of the May test administration period. Check this web page before starting the rating process and several times during the rating period.

Questions regarding this test should be directed to the Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Instructional Technology at (518) 474-5922.

**Note:** Retain this rating guide for future use. Do *not* return it to SED with the performance test materials.

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#### **Detailed Directions for Rating Part II of the Written Test**

This guide contains detailed directions and criteria for rating student responses to the questions in Part II of the written test. Raters should become familiar with the detailed directions and rating criteria before beginning to rate the student responses. Refer to the 2005 Manual for Administrators and Teachers for suggestions about organizing the rating process.

In rating the student responses, follow the procedure outlined below.

- 1. Familiarize yourself with the system your school is using for processing the answer papers and recording the student scores. For example, scores may be transferred to each student's scannable answer sheet or to the Class Record Sheet.
- 2. Have a test booklet on hand. Read each Part II question carefully. Note exactly what is required.
- 3. Carefully read the criteria provided in this guide for rating each question. Look at the acceptable responses for each point value.
- When answers appear in **bold**, allow credit for <u>only</u> those answers. In other cases, examples of acceptable responses are provided. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to, the examples given. Other responses that convey the same general meaning as those given in this guide should also receive credit. Raters must use their professional judgement to decide if the student's answer meets the criteria. You may find it helpful to discuss questionable student responses with other raters.
- 5. Discuss with other raters the requirements of each question and the rating criteria. When you are certain that you clearly understand the requirements and criteria, you are ready to begin rating the student responses.
- 6. It is recommended that you rate all the student responses to one question or group of questions before proceeding to the next question or group of questions. This method helps ensure that the rating criteria are applied consistently.
- 7. Students should *not* lose credit for incorrect spelling, grammar, capitalization, or punctuation.
- 8. In responses to questions where a specific number of answers are required (e.g., identify three materials, give two examples), if the student provides more than the required number of responses, score only the required number, in the order in which they appear.

- 9. Record the number of credits you allow for each question in the table provided on the back cover of the test booklet. The maximum number of credits for each question appears in the table.
- 10. When you have finished rating all the Part II questions, add the credits allowed for each question to obtain the total raw score for Part II.
- 11. The total raw score for Part II can be transferred to the student's scannable answer sheet. Check to be certain that the student name on the test booklet matches the name on the answer sheet. Scores may also be transferred to the Class Record Sheet if your school uses it.

**Note:** Some schools will transfer a score for each Part II question rather than a total raw score for Part II. These are local decisions that depend on the answer sheet your school uses.

12. Add the student's raw score for Part II to the raw score for Part I to determine the student's total raw score for the written test. Use the conversion chart to convert the written and performance test raw scores to a final score for the student. This chart will be provided on the Department's web site at <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a> on or about Monday, May 9, 2005.

**31** [3] *a* Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response that is an opinion.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- The frog was pretty.
- Insects looked scary.

**Note:** Do *not* allow credit for other opinions not stated in the paragraph, for example, "looked weird," "looked creepy," *or* "looked like monsters."

b Allow a maximum of 2 credits, 1 credit for each acceptable response that is an observation.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- snake was smooth
- snake was brown
- saw smooth, brown snake
- saw a frog, a beaver, and a snake at the pond
- frog
- saw a snake at the pond
- beaver
- The insects had six legs.
- They counted six legs.

**Note:** Do *not* allow credit for responses that are not observations, for example, "a fourth grade class visited a pond" or "the students used nets to catch pond insects."

Do *not* allow credit for responses that are not specific, for example, "the students counted the legs on the insects" *or* "they looked at the animals' color."

- 32 [1] Allow 1 credit if all stages are in the correct order: 4, 1, 3, 2.
- **33** [2] Allow 2 credits for all three correct terms indicated in bold in the chart below.
  - Allow 1 credit for only one or two correct terms indicated in bold in the chart below.

Function	Plant Part
uses sunlight to make food	leaf or leaves
takes in water and nutrients	root or roots
produces seeds	flower or flowers

34	[1]	Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response that explains another way that seeds
		can be dispersed.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- The wind blows some seeds away from the parent plant.
- The wind blows seeds with wings.
- Seeds look like parachutes and are blown away.
- A seed falls in water and is carried away from the parent plant.
- Rain washes seeds away.
- Birds carry seeds to other places.
- Animals eat seeds and eliminate them in other places.
- Squirrels bury seeds.
- People plant seeds in their yards.
- Some pods explode and drop their seeds.
- Plants drop seeds.

**Note:** Do *not* allow credit for responses that address sticking/attaching to anything, since this example is given in the question. The examples must be different from the information given in the question.

35 [1] Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response stating one positive thing that might result from cutting down the trees.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- People will have a place to live.
- The trees can be used to make furniture, houses, etc.
- more room for roads
- The trees can be used to make paper.
- build houses
- The wood from the trees can be used in a fireplace.
- less pollen for people with allergies
- The land could be used to make a park.
- **36** [1] Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response stating one negative thing that might result from cutting down the trees.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- Animals could lose their homes.
- Less oxygen would be produced.
- People would lose an area where they can enjoy nature.
- The dirt will wash away.
- 37 [1] Allow 1 credit for 2 cm.

38 [1] Allow 1 credit for explaining why there is a difference in height between the plants in pot A and pot B.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- The plants in pot *A* have more space to grow.
- The plants in pot B don't have a lot of space to grow.
- The plants in pot *B* were too crowded.
- Pot A had only two plants, so they got more water than the ten plants in pot B.
- **39** [1] Allow 1 credit for an acceptable response that explains why the precipitation in Massena is snow.

Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- It is below freezing in Massena.
- Because it is below 32°.

**Note:** Do *not* allow credit for simply restating what is in the chart, for example, "It is 27°."

**40** [3] Allow a maximum of 3 credits, 1 credit for each correct term indicated in bold in the shaded cells in the chart below.

Property	Tool	Metric Unit of Measurement
mass	balance	g
length	ruler	cm or mm or m or dm
volume or capacity	graduated cylinder	mL
temperature	thermometer	°C

#### Appendix A

## New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test May 2005

#### Performance Levels Chart

The chart on the next page defines the four performance levels for this test. The state-designated level of performance for this test is a final score of 65 or higher (level 3 and 4). Students scoring below 65 (levels 1 and 2) must be provided with academic intervention services according to section 100.2(ee)(i) of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education. The chart provides the score range and a brief description of student performance for each level.

The conversion chart will be posted on the Department's web site <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a> on or about Monday, May 9, 2005.

**Note:** Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must <u>not</u> be used to determine students' final scores for the 2005 administration.

# Performance Levels for Final Score Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test

Level	Final Test Score Range	Description of Student Performance
4	85–100	<ul> <li>Meeting the Standards with Distinction</li> <li>A student demonstrates superior understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates superior elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates superior understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul>
3	65–84	<ul> <li>Meeting the Standards</li> <li>The student demonstrates understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul>
2	45–64	<ul> <li>Not Fully Meeting the Standards</li> <li>The student demonstrates only minimal understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for each of the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates minimal elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates minimal understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul>
1	0–44	<ul> <li>Not Meeting the Standards</li> <li>The student is unable to demonstrate understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student is unable to demonstrate elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student is unable to demonstrate understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul>

## Appendix B

## Item Maps

New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science

#### May 2005 Written Test Performance Test Form A

Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4

Reference to Process Skills Based on Standard 4

Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions — May 2005 Written Test

Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions — Performance Test, Form A

Note: Core curriculum is based on NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics, Science, and Technology.

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics,	Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4		formance Form A estion Nun	May 2005 Written Test		
Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Station Station Station 3		Station 3	Question Number	
Standard 1	M1 Abstraction and symbolic representation are used to communicate mathematically.	1, 2, 4, 5		1		
Mathematical Analysis	<ul><li>M2 Deductive and inductive reasoning are used to reach mathematical conclusions.</li><li>M3 Critical thinking skills are used in the solution of</li></ul>	1 2 4	1.0	3, 5	10.40	
	mathematical problems.  S1.1 Ask "why" questions in attempts to seek greater	1, 2, 4	1, 3	1	19, 40	
	understanding concerning objects and events they have observed and heard about.				31	
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Key Idea 1	<b>S1.2</b> Question the explanations they hear from others and read about, seeking clarification and comparing them with their own observations and understandings.		4			
	<b>S1.3</b> Develop relationships among observations to construct descriptions of objects and events and to form their own tentative explanations of what they have observed.		2			
	<b>S2.1</b> Develop written plans for exploring phenomena or for evaluating explanations guided by questions or proposed explanations they have helped formulate.					
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry Key Idea 2	<b>S2.2</b> Share their research plans with others and revise them based on their suggestions.					
	<b>S2.3</b> Carry out their plans for exploring phenomena through direct observation and through the use of simple instruments that permit measurement of quantities such as length, mass, volume, temperature, and time.			1		
	<b>S3.1</b> Organize observations and measurements of objects and events through classification and the preparation of simple charts and tables.	through classification and the				
Standard 1 Scientific Inquiry	<b>S3.2</b> Interpret organized observations and measurements, recognizing simple patterns, sequences, and relationships.		2, 4	2, 3	9, 10, 37, 38, 39	
Key Idea 3	<b>S3.3</b> Share their findings with others and actively seek their interpretations and ideas.		4			
	<b>S3.4</b> Adjust their explanations and understandings of objects and events based on their findings and new ideas.			4, 5		
Standard 1 Engineering Design			4			

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics,	Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4		formance Form A estion Nun	May 2005 Written Test		
Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Question Number	
	1 Information technology is used to retrieve, process, and communicate information as a tool to enhance learning.					
Standard 2 Information Systems	2 Knowledge of the impacts and limitations of information systems is essential to its effectiveness and ethical use.					
	3 Information technology can have positive and negative impacts on society, depending upon how it is used.				31	
	1 Earth and celestial phenomena can be described by principles of relative motion and perspective.					
	2 Many of the phenomena that we observe on Earth involve interactions among components of air, water, and land.				16, 17, 18, 21, 23, 39	
Standard 4 Physical Setting	3 Matter is made up of particles whose properties determine the observable characteristics of matter and its reactivity.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	1, 2		16, 19, 20, 22, 40	
	4 Energy exists in many forms, and when these forms change energy is conserved.		1, 2		23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28	
	5 Energy and matter interact through forces that result in changes in motion.		3, 4	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	29, 30	
	1 Living things are both similar to and different from each other and from nonliving things.				1	
	2 Organisms inherit genetic information in a variety of ways that result in continuity of structure and function between parents and offspring.				2	
	3 Individual organisms and species change over time.				3, 4, 33, 34, 38	
Standard 4 Living Environment	4 The continuity of life is sustained through reproduction and development.				8, 9, 10, 11, 32	
Zayang Zayan vanasalit	5 Organisms maintain a dynamic equilibrium that sustains life.				12, 13, 14, 15	
	<b>6</b> Plants and animals depend on each other and their physical environment.				5, 6, 7, 18, 31	
	7 Human decisions and activities have had a profound impact on the physical and living environment.				35, 36	

NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics,	Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4		Formance Form A stion Nun	May 2005 Written Test	
Science, and Technology Standard/Area	Key Idea or Performance Indicator	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Question Number
	1 Systems Thinking Through systems thinking, people can recognize the commonalities that exist among all systems and how parts of a system interrelate and combine to perform specific functions.				33, 35, 36
	<b>2 Models</b> Models are simplified representations of objects, structures, or systems used in analysis, explanation, interpretation, or design.				5, 6, 17, 18, 21, 23, 27, 32, 33, 37
Standard 6 Interconnectedness: Common Themes	3 Magnitude and Scale The grouping of magnitudes of size, time, frequency, and pressures or other units of measurement into a series of relative order provides a useful way to deal with the immense range and the changes in scale that affect the behavior and design of systems.				
	4 Equilibrium and Stability Equilibrium is a state of stability due either to a lack of change (static equilibrium) or a balance between opposing forces (dynamic equilibrium).				22
	<b>5 Patterns of Change</b> Identifying patterns of change is necessary for making predictions about future behavior and conditions.			2, 3	7, 38
	<b>6 Optimization</b> In order to arrive at the best solution that meets criteria within constraints, it is often necessary to make trade-offs.			5	
Standard 7	1 Connections The knowledge and skills of mathematics, science, and technology are used together to make informed decisions and solve problems, especially those related to issues of science/technology/society, consumer decision-making, design, and inquiry into phenomena.				
Interdisciplinary Problem Solving	2 Strategies Solving interdisciplinary problems involves a variety of skills and strategies, including effective work habits; gathering and processing information; generating and analyzing ideas; realizing ideas; making connections among the common themes of mathematics, science, and technology; and presenting results.				

# Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4 Reference to Process Skills Based On Standard 4

			nance Test estion Num		May 2005 Written Test
	Process Skills–General Skills	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Question Number
i	follow safety procedures in the classroom, laboratory, and field				
ii	safely and accurately use the following tools: hand lens, ruler (metric), balance, gram weights, spring scale, thermometer (C°, F°), measuring cups, graduated cylinder, timepiece(s)	1, 2, 4			19
iii	develop an appreciation of and respect for all learning environments (classroom, laboratory, field, etc.)				
iv	manipulate materials through teacher direction and free discovery				
v	use information systems appropriately				
vi	select appropriate standard and nonstandard measurement tools for measurement activities	1, 2, 4			19, 26, 40
vii	estimate, find, and communicate measurements, using standard and nonstandard units	1, 2, 4, 5			37
viii	use and record appropriate units for measured or calculated values	2, 5			
ix	order and sequence objects and/or events				32
Х	classify objects according to an established scheme				
xi	generate a scheme for classification				
xii	utilize senses optimally for making observations				
xiii	observe, analyze, and report observations of objects and events	3	1, 3	1	
xiv	observe, identify, and communicate patterns			2, 3	
XV	observe, identify, and communicate cause and effect relationships	3			34
xvi	generate appropriate questions (teacher and student based) in response to observations, events, and other experiences				
xvii	observe, collect, organize, and appropriately record data, then accurately interpret results				
xviii	collect and organize data, choosing the appropriate representation: journal entries, graphic representations, drawings/pictorial representations				
xix	make predictions based on prior experiences and/or information			2, 3, 5	35, 36
XX	compare and contrast organisms/objects/events/ in the living and physical environments		2, 4		36, 36, 38
xxi	identify and control variables/factors			4	
xxii	plan, design, and implement a short-term and long-term investigation based on a student- or teacher-posed problem				
xxiii	communicate procedures and conclusions through oral and written presentations				

# Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Written Test – May 2005 Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

Question Number	MST Learning Standard	Area within Standard 4 (PS or LE)	Key Idea or Major Understanding	Other Standards, Key Ideas, or Major Understandings	Process Skills Based on Standard 4 (p. 11 in core)
1	4	LE	1.2a		
2	4	LE	2.1a		
3	4	LE	3.1a		
4	4	LE	3.1c		
5	6	_	2	LE 6.1b	
6	6		2	LE 6.1b	
7	4	LE	6.1e	St 6 KI 5	
8	4	LE	4.1f		
9	1	_	S 3.2	LE 4.1f	
10	1	_	S 3.2	LE 4.1f	
11	4	LE	4.2b		
12	4	LE	5.2b		
13	4	LE	5.2e		
14	4	LE	5.2f		
15	4	LE	5.3b		
16	4	PS	3.2a	2.1c	
17	4	PS	2.1c	St 6 KI 2	
18	4	PS	2.1c	LE 6.2c; St 6 KI 2	
19	4	PS	3.1e	3.1c; ST 1 M 3.1a	skill ii, skill vi
20	4	PS	3.2b	3.2c	<b>,</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
21	4	PS	2.1d	St 6 KI 2	
22	4	PS	3.1e	3.1c; St 6 KI 4	
23	4	PS	2.1c	4.1d; St 6 KI 2	
24	4	PS	4.2b		
25	4	PS	4.1f		
26	4	PS	4.1c		skill vi
27	4	PS	4.1e	St 6 KI 2	
28	4	PS	4.2b	4.1d	
29	4	PS	5.1c		
30	4	PS	5.1f		
31	2	_	KI 3	St 1 S1.1a; LE 6	
32	4	LE	4.1e	St 6 KI 2	skill ix
33	4	LE	3.1b	St 6 KI 1 & KI 2	
34	4	LE	3.1c	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	skill xv
35	4	LE	7.1c	7.1b; St 6 KI 1	skill xix, skill xx
36	4	LE	7.1c	7.1b; St 6 KI 1	skill xix, skill xx
37	1		S 3.2a	St 6 KI 2	skill vii
38	4	LE	3.2a	St 1 S 3.2; ST 6 KI 5	skill xx
39	4	PS	2.1b	2.1a; St 1 S 3.2	JAHI AA
40	4	PS	3.1e	St 1 M 3.1a	skill vi

# Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Performance Test, Form A Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

		Item		Reference to Elementary Science Core Curriculum				
Station	item #	task	pts	General Skills (p. 11)	MST Standard 1 (Mathematical Analysis, Scientific Inquiry and Engineering Design) Key Idea/Performance Indicator	MST Standard 6 Interconnected: Common Themes	MST Standard 4 The Physical Setting Key Idea/Performance Indicator	
	1a 1b	width height	1 1	ii vi vii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d	
1	2	volume	2	ii vi vii viii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d 3.2a	
	3	water level up	1	xiii xv			3.1a 3.1c	
	4	mass of two jars	1	ii vi vii	M 1.1c M 3.1a		3.1c 3.1d	
	5	mass of water only	3	vii viii	M 1.1b M 1.1c		3.1c 3.1d	
	1	electricity data	2	xiii	M 3.1a S 3.1		3.1e 3.1f 4.1 a-e	
2	2	statement about electricity	3	XX	S 1.3 S 3.2a		3.1e 3.1f 4.1 a-e	
	3	magnet data	2	xiii	M 3.1a S 3.1		5.1e 5.2a	
	4	explanation	2	XX	S 1.2 S 3.2a S 3.3a		5.1e 5.2a	
	1	collect data	2	xiii	M 1.1c M 3.1a S 2.3a S 2.3b		5.1a 5.1b 5.1c 5.1f	
3	2	predict where to release the ball	1	xiv xix	S 3.2	Key Idea 5	5.1	
	3	explain response to #2	1	xiv xix	M 2.1a M 2.1b S 3.2a	Key Idea 5	5.1	
	4	suggest a change to the setup	2	xxi	T 1.3c S 3.4		5.1	
	5	explain response to #4	2	xix	M 2.1b S 3.4a	Key Idea 6	5.1	