## **GRADE 4**

# ELEMENTARY-LEVEL SCIENCE TEST

SPRING 2009 WRITTEN TEST FOR TEACHERS ONLY RATING GUIDE FOR PART II

This rating guide contains detailed directions for rating student responses to Part II of the written test in Elementary-Level Science. All raters should become familiar with the detailed directions before beginning to rate student responses.

Appendix A provides a performance levels chart that translates final scores into four performance levels. A conversion chart is also needed to translate a student's raw scores on the written and performance tests to a final score. This chart will be posted on the Department's web site <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a>. Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must not be used to determine student's final scores for the 2009 administration of the test.

Appendix B provides four charts that link the individual questions on the test to the *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4*. This core curriculum is based on the *New York State Learning Standards in Mathematics, Science, and Technology*.

Any clarifications or changes to this rating guide will be posted on the New York State Education Department website at <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a> at the end of the test administration period. Check this website before starting the rating process and several times during the rating period.

Questions regarding this test should be directed to the Office of State Assessment at (518) 474-5900 or the Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Instructional Technology at (518) 474-5922.

**Note:** Retain this rating guide for future use. Do *not* return it to SED with the performance test materials.

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#### **Detailed Directions for Rating Part II of the Written Test**

This guide contains detailed directions and criteria for rating student responses to the questions in Part II of the written test. Raters should become familiar with the detailed directions and rating criteria before beginning to rate the student responses. Refer to the 2009 Manual for Administrators and Teachers for suggestions about organizing the rating process.

In rating the student responses, follow the procedure outlined below.

- 1. Familiarize yourself with the system your school is using for processing the answer papers and recording the student scores.
- 2. Have a test booklet on hand. Read each Part II question carefully. Note exactly what is required.
- 3. Carefully read the criteria provided in this guide for rating each question. Look at the acceptable responses for each point value.
- 4. For most questions, examples of acceptable responses are provided. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to, the examples given. Other responses that convey the same general meaning as those given in this guide should also receive credit. Raters must use their professional judgement to decide if the student's answer meets the criteria. You may find it helpful to discuss questionable student responses with other raters.
- 5. Discuss with other raters the requirements of each question and the rating criteria. When you are certain that you clearly understand the requirements and criteria, you are ready to begin rating the student responses.
- 6. It is recommended that you rate all the student responses to one question or group of questions before proceeding to the next question or group of questions. This method helps ensure that the rating criteria are applied consistently.
- 7. Students should *not* lose credit for incorrect spelling, grammar, capitalization, or punctuation.
- 8. In responses to questions where a specific number of answers are required (e.g., identify *three* materials, give *two* examples), if the student provides more than the required number of responses, score only the required number, in the order in which they appear.
- 9. Record the number of credits you allow for each question in the table provided on the back cover of the test booklet. The maximum number of credits for each question appears in the table.

- 10. When you have finished rating all the Part II questions, add the credits allowed for each question to obtain the total raw score for Part II.
- 11. The total raw score for Part II can be transferred to the student's scannable answer sheet. Check to be certain that the student name on the test booklet matches the name on the answer sheet.

**Note:** Some schools will transfer a score for each Part II question rather than a total raw score for Part II. These are local decisions that depend on the answer sheet your school uses.

12. Add the student's raw score for Part II to the raw score for Part I to determine the student's total raw score for the written test. Use the conversion chart to convert the written and performance test raw scores to a final score for the student. This chart will be provided on the Department's web site <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a>.

#### Online Submission of Teacher Evaluations of the Test to the Department

Suggestions and feedback from teachers provide an important contribution to the test development process. The Department provides an online evaluation form for State assessments. It contains spaces for teachers to respond to several specific questions and to make suggestions. Instructions for completing the evaluation form are as follows:

- 1. Go to www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/exameval.
- 2. Select the test title.
- 3. Complete the required demographic fields.
- 4. Complete each evaluation question and provide comments in the space provided.
- 5. Click the SUBMIT button at the bottom of the page to submit the completed form.

**31** [2] Allow 2 credits if all four letters are correct.

Allow 1 credit if only two or three letters are correct.

Allow 0 credit if fewer than two letters are correct.

#### **Example of a 2-credit response:**

| Stage         | Letter |
|---------------|--------|
| condensation  | В      |
| evaporation   | Α      |
| precipitation | С      |
| runoff        | D      |

#### **32** [1] Allow 1 credit for texture.

*Unacceptable* responses include:

feel

surface

touch

eyes

fingers

**Note:** Allow credit if students write their answers in the blank space in the table rather than in the space provided.

#### 33 [1] Allow 1 credit for shape.

**Note:** Allow credit if students write their answers in the blank space in the table rather than in the space provided.

**34** [1] Allow 1 credit for *two* acceptable responses: 3 and 5.

35 [2] Allow a maximum of 2 credits, 1 credit for an acceptable response in each of the unshaded rows. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

**Some Properties Measured by Tools** 

| Property           | Scientific Tool      |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| mass               | pan balance          |
|                    | — measuring cup      |
| volume of a liquid | — graduated cylinder |
| volume of a liquid | — beaker             |
|                    | — rain gauge         |
| temperature        | — thermometer        |

- **36** [1] Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
  - Too much paper decreases the force of attraction between the magnet and refrigerator.
  - The paper will block the force of the magnet.
  - The distance between the magnet and the refrigerator will be too large if more paper is added.
  - The magnet will have to hold too much weight if more paper is added.

Unacceptable responses include:

More paper will make the magnet's force weaker. (The force of the magnet does *not* change.)

37 [1] Allow 1 credit for 9 cm.

38 [2] Allow a maximum of 2 credits, 1 credit for an acceptable response in each row. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

Ways that Some Trees Respond to Changes in Season

| Change in Season          | Way that Some Trees Respond   |
|---------------------------|---|
| summer changing to fall   | — leaves change color  — leaves fall off  — fruit forms  — less sap flows                 |
| winter changing to spring | leaves grow buds form They produce flowers trees get taller The tree grows more sap flows |

- **39** [2] Allow a maximum of 2 credits, 1 credit for each acceptable response. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
  - loss of food supply
  - More boats can pollute the water.
  - air pollution from cars
  - no place for animals to live
  - There are more people to eat the sea animals.
  - More noise could scare the animals.

Unacceptable responses include:

The houses affected the animals.

The boats and cars affected the animals.

(These responses are *not* specific enough.)

**40** [2] Allow 2 credits for an acceptable response in two *or* three of the unshaded rows. Allow 1 credit for only one acceptable response. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

#### **Main Functions of Some Green Plant Structures**

| Main Function                | Green Plant Structure |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| support the plant            | stem                  |
| produce food for the plant   | — leaf<br>— stem      |
| takes in water and nutrients | — root                |
| produces seeds               | — flower<br>— fruit   |

#### Appendix A

#### New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test Spring 2009

#### **Performance Levels Chart**

The chart on the next page defines the four performance levels for this test. The State-designated level of performance for this test is a final score of 65 or higher (level 3 and 4). Students scoring below 65 (levels 1 and 2) must be provided with academic intervention services according to section 100.2(ee)(i) of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education. The chart provides the score range and a brief description of student performance for each level.

The conversion chart will be posted on the Department's website <a href="http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/">http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/osa/</a>.

**Note:** Conversion charts provided for previous administrations of this test must *not* be used to determine students' final scores for the 2009 administration.

#### Performance Levels for Final Score Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test

| Level | Final Test<br>Score<br>Range | Description of Student Performance   |
|-------|------------------------------|--|
| 4     | 85–100                       | <ul> <li>Meeting the Standards with Distinction</li> <li>A student demonstrates superior understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates superior elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates superior understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul>      |
| 3     | 65–84                        | <ul> <li>Meeting the Standards</li> <li>The student demonstrates understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul>  |
| 2     | 45–64                        | <ul> <li>Not Fully Meeting the Standards</li> <li>The student demonstrates only minimal understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for each of the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates minimal elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student demonstrates minimal understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul> |
| 1     | 0–44                         | <ul> <li>Not Meeting the Standards</li> <li>The student is unable to demonstrate understanding of elementary-level science content and concepts for the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student is unable to demonstrate elementary-level science skills related to the learning standards and key ideas being assessed.</li> <li>The student is unable to demonstrate understanding of the science content, concepts, and skills required for an elementary-level academic environment.</li> </ul>        |

#### Appendix B

#### **Item Maps**

#### New York State Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Test Spring 2009 Written Test Performance Test Form A

Item maps contained in this appendix:

- Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4* Spring 2009 Written Test and Performance Test, Form A
- Reference to Process Skills Based on Standard 4 Spring 2009 Written Test and Performance Test, Form A
- Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions Spring 2009 Written Test
- Reference to Core Curriculum for Individual Test Questions Performance Test, Form A

**Note:** Core curriculum is based on NYS Learning Standards for Mathematics, Science, and Technology.

| NYS Learning<br>Standards for<br>Mathematics,  | Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core<br>Curriculum Grades K-4   |                    | formance<br>Form A<br>estion Nun |           | Spring 2009<br>Written Test |  |
|--|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|
| Science, and<br>Technology<br>Standard/Area    | Key Idea or Performance Indicator   | Station Station St |                                  | Station 3 | Question<br>Number          |  |
| Standard 1                                     | M1 Abstraction and symbolic representation are used to communicate mathematically.  | 1, 2,<br>4, 5      |                                  | 1         | 29, 37                      |  |
| Mathematical<br>Analysis                       | M2 Deductive and inductive reasoning are used to reach mathematical conclusions.  |                    |                                  | 3, 5      |                             |  |
|  | M3 Critical thinking skills are used in the solution of mathematical problems.  | 1, 2, 4            | 1, 3                             | 1         | 35                          |  |
|  | <b>S1.1</b> Ask "why" questions in attempts to seek greater understanding concerning objects and events they have observed and heard about.   |                    |                                  |           | 28                          |  |
| Standard 1<br>Scientific Inquiry<br>Key Idea 1 | <b>S1.2</b> Question the explanations they hear from others and read about, seeking clarification and comparing them with their own observations and understandings.  |                    | 4                                |           |                             |  |
|  | <b>S1.3</b> Develop relationships among observations to construct descriptions of objects and events and to form their own tentative explanations of what they have observed.   |                    | 2                                |           |                             |  |
|  | <b>S2.1</b> Develop written plans for exploring phenomena or for evaluating explanations guided by questions or proposed explanations they have helped formulate.   |                    |                                  |           |                             |  |
| Standard 1<br>Scientific Inquiry<br>Key Idea 2 | <b>S2.2</b> Share their research plans with others and revise them based on their suggestions.  |                    |                                  |           |                             |  |
|  | <b>S2.3</b> Carry out their plans for exploring phenomena through direct observation and through the use of simple instruments that permit measurement of quantities such as length, mass, volume, temperature, and time. |                    |                                  | 1         |                             |  |
|  | <b>S3.1</b> Organize observations and measurements of objects and events through classification and the preparation of simple charts and tables.  |                    | 1, 3                             |           |                             |  |
| Standard 1<br>Scientific Inquiry               | <b>S3.2</b> Interpret organized observations and measurements, recognizing simple patterns, sequences, and relationships.   |                    | 2,4 2,3                          |           | 29, 32, 33,<br>34, 37,      |  |
| Key Idea 3                                     | <b>S3.3</b> Share their findings with others and actively seek their interpretations and ideas.   |                    | 4                                |           |                             |  |
|  | <b>S3.4</b> Adjust their explanations and understandings of objects and events based on their findings and new ideas.   |                    |                                  | 4, 5      |                             |  |
| Standard 1<br>Engineering Design               | T1.1 -T1.5 Engineering design is an iterative process involving modeling and optimization to develop technological solutions to problems within given constraints.  |                    |                                  | 4         |                             |  |

| NYS Learning<br>Standards for<br>Mathematics, | Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core  |                  | formance<br>Form A |                  | Spring 2009<br>Written Test      |  |
|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Science, and<br>Technology<br>Standard/Area   | Curriculum Grades K-4 Key Idea or Performance Indicator   | Station<br>1     | Station 2          | Station 3        | Question<br>Number               |  |
|   | 1 Information technology is used to retrieve, process, and communicate information as a tool to enhance learning.                               |                  |                    |                  |                                  |  |
| Standard 2<br>Information<br>Systems          | 2 Knowledge of the impacts and limitations of information systems is essential to its effectiveness and ethical use.                            |                  |                    |                  |                                  |  |
|   | 3 Information technology can have positive and negative impacts on society, depending upon how it is used.                                      |                  |                    |                  |                                  |  |
|   | 1 Earth and celestial phenomena can be described by principles of relative motion and perspective.  |                  |                    |                  | 9, 38                            |  |
|   | 2 Many of the phenomena that we observe on Earth involve interactions among components of air, water, and land.                                 |                  |                    |                  | 1, 13, 22, 31                    |  |
| Standard 4<br>Physical Setting                | 3 Matter is made up of particles whose properties determine the observable characteristics of matter and its reactivity.                        | 1, 2,<br>3, 4, 5 | 1, 2               |                  | 2, 4, 5, 7, 8,<br>32, 33, 34, 35 |  |
|   | 4 Energy exists in many forms, and when these forms change energy is conserved.   |                  | 1, 2               |                  | 10, 11, 12                       |  |
|   | 5 Energy and matter interact through forces that result in changes in motion.   |                  | 3, 4               | 1, 2,<br>3, 4, 5 | 3, 6, 7, 36                      |  |
|   | 1 Living things are both similar to and different from each other and from nonliving things.  |                  |                    |                  | 15, 20, 22, 25                   |  |
|   | 2 Organisms inherit genetic information in a variety of ways that result in continuity of structure and function between parents and offspring. |                  |                    |                  | 23                               |  |
|   | 3 Individual organisms and species change over time.  |                  |                    |                  | 17, 18, 20,<br>24, 40            |  |
| Standard 4 Living Environment                 | 4 The continuity of life is sustained through reproduction and development.   |                  |                    |                  | 21, 27, 29, 37                   |  |
|   | 5 Organisms maintain a dynamic equilibrium that sustains life.  |                  |                    |                  | 2, 14, 16, 17,<br>20, 24, 38     |  |
|   | 6 Plants and animals depend on each other and their physical environment.   |                  |                    |                  | 19, 25, 26, 30                   |  |
|   | 7 Human decisions and activities have had a profound impact on the physical and living environment.   |                  |                    |                  | 22, 39                           |  |

| NYS Learning<br>Standards for<br>Mathematics,      | Reference to Elementary-Level Science Core<br>Curriculum Grades K-4  |                             | formance<br>Form A<br>stion Num | Spring 2009<br>Written Test |  |  |
|--|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Science, and<br>Technology<br>Standard/Area        | Key Idea or Performance Indicator  | Station Station 1 Station 3 |                                 |                             | Question<br>Number                                   |  |
|  | 1 Systems Thinking Through systems thinking, people can recognize the commonalities that exist among all systems and how parts of a system interrelate and combine to perform specific functions.  |                             |                                 |                             | 40   |  |
|  | 2 Models Models are simplified representations of objects, structures, or systems used in analysis, explanation, interpretation, or design.  |                             |                                 |                             | 6, 7, 8, 11,<br>13, 16, 18,<br>21, 30, 31,<br>36, 39 |  |
| Standard 6<br>Interconnectedness:<br>Common Themes | 3 Magnitude and Scale The grouping of magnitudes of size, time, frequency, and pressures or other units of measurement into a series of relative order provides a useful way to deal with the immense range and the changes in scale that affect the behavior and design of systems.   |                             |                                 |                             |  |  |
|  | 4 Equilibrium and Stability Equilibrium is a state of stability due either to a lack of change (static equilibrium) or a balance between opposing forces (dynamic equilibrium).  |                             |                                 |                             |  |  |
|  | <b>5 Patterns of Change</b> Identifying patterns of change is necessary for making predictions about future behavior and conditions.   |                             |                                 | 2, 3                        | 29, 38   |  |
|  | <b>6 Optimization</b> In order to arrive at the best solution that meets criteria within constraints, it is often necessary to make trade-offs.  |                             |                                 | 5                           |  |  |
| Standard 7   | 1 Connections The knowledge and skills of mathematics, science, and technology are used together to make informed decisions and solve problems, especially those related to issues of science/technology/society, consumer decision-making, design, and inquiry into phenomena.  |                             |                                 |                             |  |  |
| Interdisciplinary<br>Problem Solving               | 2 Strategies Solving interdisciplinary problems involves a variety of skills and strategies, including effective work habits; gathering and processing information; generating and analyzing ideas; realizing ideas; making connections among the common themes of mathematics, science, and technology; and presenting results. |                             |                                 |                             |  |  |

#### Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum Grades K-4 Reference to Process Skills Based On Standard 4

|       |   |            | nance Test<br>estion Num |           | Spring 2009<br>Written Test |  |
|-------|---|------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|
|       | Process Skills-General Skills   | Station 1  | Station 2                | Station 3 | Question<br>Number          |  |
| i     | follow safety procedures in the classroom, laboratory, and field  |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| ii    | safely and accurately use the following tools: hand lens, ruler (metric), balance, gram weights, spring scale, thermometer (C°, F°), measuring cups, graduated cylinder, timepiece(s) | 1, 2, 4    |                          |           |                             |  |
| iii   | develop an appreciation of and respect for all learning environments (classroom, laboratory, field, etc.)   |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| iv    | manipulate materials through teacher direction and free discovery   |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| v     | use information systems appropriately   |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| vi    | select appropriate standard and nonstandard measurement tools for measurement activities  | 1, 2, 4    |                          |           | 35                          |  |
| vii   | estimate, find, and communicate measurements, using standard and nonstandard units  | 1, 2, 4, 5 |                          |           | 37                          |  |
| viii  | use and record appropriate units for measured or calculated values  | 2, 5       |                          |           | 6                           |  |
| ix    | order and sequence objects and/or events  |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| X     | classify objects according to an established scheme   |            |                          |           | 32, 33, 34                  |  |
| xi    | generate a scheme for classification  |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| xii   | utilize senses optimally for making observations  |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| xiii  | observe, analyze, and report observations of objects and events   | 3          | 1, 3                     | 1         |                             |  |
| xiv   | observe, identify, and communicate patterns   |            |                          | 2, 3      |                             |  |
| XV    | observe, identify, and communicate cause and effect relationships   | 3          |                          |           | 7, 13, 36, 38,<br>39        |  |
| xvi   | generate appropriate questions (teacher and student<br>based) in response to observations, events, and other<br>experiences   |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| xvii  | observe, collect, organize, and appropriately record data, then accurately interpret results  |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| xviii | collect and organize data, choosing the appropriate representation: journal entries, graphic representations, drawings/pictorial representations                                      |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| xix   | make predictions based on prior experiences and/or information  |            |                          | 2, 3, 5   | 8, 12, 29, 38               |  |
| XX    | compare and contrast organisms/objects/events/ in the living and physical environments  |            | 2, 4                     |           |                             |  |
| xxi   | identify and control variables/factors  |            |                          | 4         |                             |  |
| xxii  | plan, design, and implement a short-term and long-term investigation based on a student- or teacher-posed problem   |            |                          |           |                             |  |
| xxiii | communicate procedures and conclusions through oral and written presentations   |            |                          |           |                             |  |

Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Written Test – Spring 2009
Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

| Question<br>Number | MST<br>Learning<br>Standard | Area<br>within<br>Standard 4<br>(PS or LE) | Key Idea or<br>Major<br>Understanding | Other Standards, Key<br>Ideas, or Major<br>Understandings | Process Skills Based on Standard 4 (p. 11 in core) |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| 1                  | 4                           | PS   | 2.1b                                  |   | _  |
| 2                  | 4                           | PS   | 3.1b                                  | 3.1c; LE 5.2c   |  |
| 3                  | 4                           | PS   | 5.1c                                  |   |  |
| 4                  | 4                           | PS   | 3.2b                                  | 3.2a  |  |
| 5                  | 4                           | PS   | 3.1d                                  | 3.1e  |  |
| 6                  | 6                           |  | KI 2                                  | PS 5.2a   | skill xiii   |
| 7                  | 4                           | PS   | 3.2c                                  | 3.1c; 5.2a; St 6 KI 2                                     | skill xv   |
| 8                  | 4                           | PS   | 3.1a                                  | 3.1c, St 6 KI 2   | skill xix  |
| 9                  | 4                           | PS   | 1.1b                                  | 1.1a  |  |
| 10                 | 4                           | PS   | 4.1a                                  | 4.1b  |  |
| 11                 | 4                           | PS   | 4.1c                                  | St 6 KI 2   |  |
| 12                 | 4                           | PS   | 4.1d                                  |   | skill xix  |
| 13                 | 4                           | PS   | 2.1d                                  | St 6 KI 2   | skill xv   |
| 14                 | 4                           | LE   | 5.2e                                  |   |  |
| 15                 | 4                           | LE   | 1.1a                                  |   |  |
| 16                 | 4                           | LE   | 5.2g                                  | St 6 KI 2   |  |
| 17                 | 4                           | LE   | 3.1c                                  | 5.2e  |  |
| 18                 | 4                           | LE   | 3.2a                                  | St 6 KI 2   |  |
| 19                 | 4                           | LE   | 6.1a                                  |   |  |
| 20                 | 4                           | LE   | 5.1b                                  | 1.2a, 3.1a  |  |
| 21                 | 4                           | LE   | 4.1a                                  | 4.1e, 4.1f; St 6 KI 2                                     |  |
| 22                 | 4                           | LE   | 7.1a                                  | 1.1a, PS 2.1c   |  |
| 23                 | 4                           | LE   | 2.1a                                  | 2.2b  |  |
| 24                 | 4                           | LE   | 5.2f                                  | 3.1c  |  |
| 25                 | 4                           | LE   | 6.2a                                  | 6.2b, 1.1b  |  |
| 26                 | 4                           | LE   | 6.1d                                  |   |  |
| 27                 | 4                           | LE   | 4.1g                                  |   |  |
| 28                 | 1                           |  | S 1.1a                                |   |  |
| 29                 | 1                           |  | S 3.2                                 | M 1.1b; LE 4.2a; St 6 KI 5                                | skill xix  |
| 30                 | 6                           |  | KI 2                                  | LE 6.1c, 6.1f   |  |
| 31                 | 4                           | PS   | 2.1c                                  | St 6 KI 2   |  |
| 32                 | 4                           | PS   | 3.1c                                  | 3.1f; St 1 S 3.2a   | skill x  |
| 33                 | 4                           | PS   | 3.1c                                  | 3.1f; St 1 S 3.2a   | skill x  |
| 34                 | 1                           |  | S 3.2a                                | PS 3.1c, 3.1f   | skill x  |
| 35                 | 4                           | PS   | 3.1e                                  | St 1 M 3.1a   | skill vi   |
| 36                 | 4                           | PS   | 5.2b                                  | 5.2a; St 6 KI 2   | skill xv   |
| 37                 | 1                           | _  | S 3.2                                 | M 1.1c; LE 4.2a   | skill vii  |
| 38                 | 4                           | LE   | 5.2a                                  | PS 1.1a; St 6 KI 5  | skill xv, xix                                      |
| 39                 | 4                           | LE   | 7.1c                                  | 7.1b; St 6 KI 2   | skill xv   |
| 40                 | 4                           | LE   | 3.1b                                  | St 6 KI 1   |  |

### Grade 4 Elementary-Level Science Performance Test, Form A Reference to *Elementary-Level Science Core Curriculum* for Individual Test Questions

|                     |           | Item                                       |         |                              | Reference to Elementary Science Core Curriculum   |   |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-----------|--|---------|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Station             | Item<br># | task                                       | credits | General<br>Skills<br>(p. 11) | MST Standard 1<br>(Mathematical Analysis,<br>Scientific Inquiry and<br>Engineering Design)<br>Key Idea/Performance<br>Indicator | MST Standard 6<br>Interconnected/<br>Common<br>Themes | MST Standard 4 The Physical Setting Key Idea/Performance Indicator |  |  |
|                     | 1a<br>1b  | width<br>height                            | 1<br>1  | ii<br>vi<br>vii              | M 1.1c<br>M 3.1a  |   | 3.1c<br>3.1d   |  |  |
| 1                   | 2         | volume                                     | 2       | ii<br>vi<br>vii<br>viii      | M 1.1c<br>M 3.1a  |   | 3.1c<br>3.1d<br>3.2a   |  |  |
| (9 credits total)   | 3         | water<br>level up                          | 1       | xiii<br>xv                   |   |   | 3.1a<br>3.1c   |  |  |
|                     | 4         | mass of<br>two jars                        | 1       | ii<br>vi<br>vii              | M 1.1c<br>M 3.1a  |   | 3.1c<br>3.1d   |  |  |
|                     | 5         | mass of water only                         | 3       | vii<br>viii                  | M 1.1b<br>M 1.1c  |   | 3.1c<br>3.1d   |  |  |
|                     | 1         | electricity<br>data                        | 2       | xiii                         | M 3.1a<br>S 3.1   |   | 3.1e<br>3.1f<br>4.1 a-e  |  |  |
| 2                   | 2         | statement<br>about<br>electricity          | 3       | XX                           | S 1.3<br>S 3.2a   |   | 3.1e<br>3.1f<br>4.1 a-e  |  |  |
| (9 credits total)   | 3         | magnet<br>data                             | 2       | xiii                         | M 3.1a<br>S 3.1   |   | 5.1e<br>5.2a   |  |  |
|                     | 4         | explanation                                | 2       | XX                           | S 1.2<br>S 3.2a<br>S 3.3a   |   | 5.1e<br>5.2a   |  |  |
|                     | 1         | collect<br>data                            | 2       | xiii                         | M 1.1c<br>M 3.1a<br>S 2.3a<br>S 2.3b  |   | 5.1a<br>5.1b<br>5.1c<br>5.1f                                       |  |  |
| 3 (8 credits total) | 2         | predict<br>where to<br>release the<br>ball | 1       | xiv<br>xix                   | S 3.2   | Key Idea 5  | 5.1  |  |  |
|                     | 3         | explain<br>response<br>to #2               | 1       | xiv<br>xix                   | M 2.1a<br>M 2.1b<br>S 3.2a  | Key Idea 5  | 5.1  |  |  |
|                     | 4         | suggest a change to the setup              | 2       | xxi                          | T 1.3c<br>S 3.4   |   | 5.1  |  |  |
|                     | 5         | explain<br>response<br>to #4               | 2       | xix                          | M 2.1b<br>S 3.4a  | Key Idea 6  | 5.1  |  |  |